THE MEREDITH EAGLE.

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AMBITION'S REWARD.

A massy lump of brass and bronze,
Molded by ponderous blow on blow
For Nero or Vespasian's son,
In the ages dim and long ago.

A cruel mouth, a swinish chin,
A wolfish eye almost erased,
But half the date, a victory,
Two words, and those almost defaced.

Where is the golden palace now
That on the Palatine arose?
Where are the statue-guarded doors?
Where are the temple porticoes?

For disks of metal shaped like this,
Swords have been drawn and Lethe crossed;
For this, in greedy hope, men's souls
Have been by passion's tempest tossed.

This is ambition's rich reward;
This is a buried Cæsar's fame—
Upon a lump of rusty bronze
The two-thirds of a doubtful name.

Albert's Choice.

"Tell me, Kate, are you glad or sorry?" and the little hands clasped nervously, while the dark eyes anxiously scanned the quiet face that gave no answer to the eager question.

They were odd companions, these two friends; one quiet, retiring, almost cold in manner, the other quick, bright, and full of feeling; one tall, fair, and clothed in widow's weeds, the other small, dark, and clad in those warm tints that brunettes delight in, in every particular presenting marked contrasts, yet bound together by a friendship as warm as school girl devotion, and as lasting as life itself.

The elder of the twain, the one addressed as "Kate," looked up with a smile, and taking her friend's hand, she said: "If it is to be so, I think I shall be glad. I shall be glad always, if you are happy, and I think Albert can make you happy, if he will."

"You think the doubt lies in the 'will' then?"

"If there be any doubt at all," answered Kate, "but, Fanny, the sole cause for doubt could now be easily removed if he would consent."

"And the cause is?" asked Fanny.

"A glass of wine," answered Kate.

"I thought so," said Fanny, "and that is the reason I came to talk with you this morning. I don't think Albert ever drinks excess; I don't think his father ever did, and you know wine has always been in daily use in Mr. Hale's household. Albert reminds me, whenever I broach the subject of temperance that your husband, Mr. Clifton, was not a total abstainer, and yet I know that your marriage was a happy one."

"A very [illegible]," answered Mrs. Clifton, "I think it would have been perfectly happy, but for one cloud that overshadowed it, and that cloud arose from a wine glass."

"You surprise me, my dear Kate," said Fanny. "I half expected you to support Albert, and I was very confident that you could find nothing in your own experience to support what I have said of the future. Remember I spoke of the future only. Mr. Clifton lived before the lines were so tightly drawn. I think I never saw a happier home than yours seemed to be."

"It was a happy home; it might have remained a happy home until this day," replied Kate.

"You speak enigmas," said Fanny, "I never could solve puzzles."

"Do you know how my husband came to his death?" asked Mrs. Clifton.

"Yes, everybody knows," answered Fanny. "He was driving that beautiful horse of his, Black Prince,—by the way, I don't see how you can endure the sight of that horse, much less ride after him—when Black Prince suddenly shied, and turning a corner, threw out Mr. Clifton and his companion. Mr. Clifton's head struck a stone; the skull was fractured; fever set in and death ensued."

"That is a true account," said Mrs. Clifton, "and exactly as it was reported in the newspapers. I was so thankful that no one made further investigations."

"I don't understand you," said Fanny, "what could there have been to investigate?"

"I never said it before," replied Mrs. Clifton. "I would not say it now only that it may help you out of your difficulties. I think Black Prince would not have shied so badly, if his master had not been returning from a champagne party; he certainly would not have run away. But supposing he had run, and his master had been injured in consequence, I don't think fever would have followed, but for the wine. I say now, and I shall always think that a glass of wine made me a widow and my boy fatherless."

"Surely Mr. Clifton never was intoxicated!"

"No, I don't think it had come to that, at least no one would have called it so, but do you know I think neither you nor I, nor indeed anyone who has tasted wine to feel its exhilarating effects, can say that he has never been at all intoxicated."

"Kate, I'm afraid you are a fanatic, but you have helped me and I thank you."

"So you still persist in your fanatica views, do you, Fanny?" and the young man frowned. "I don't care for wine or for any kind of liquor. It would never trouble me at all if I never tasted another drop, I can use it or let it alone. I can give it up whenever I please, but what I will not give up is the right to exercise my own judgment. I cannot give up my freedom to please even the 'dearest girl in the world.'"

"I don't want you to give up your freedom," answered Fanny. "I hoped that your judgment might be so convinced that this promise would not seem to fetter you."

"I might make the promise and break it, as hundreds have done before me."

"No," said Fanny, "I honor you for refusing the promise you cannot honestly make, but I in turn cannot give up my freedom to one who may become a slave."

So Albert Hale went back to the city and Fanny Dean returned to her pupils, and all things went on as before—so Fanny thought.

"Halloo, Hale, glad to see you; didn't expect you back so soon; come and have something cool this hot day."

"No, thank you," said Albert. "I must go straight to the office. I shall have to attend strictly to business, you know, until I get fairly initiated."

"Yes," replied his friend, "been promoted, haven't you? I'd congratulate you if it were not too hot weather."

One evening near the end of the year, a year of total abstinence for Albert Hale, as he was strolling about town with one of his fellow clerks, they came to the well-lighted and pleasant rooms of the reform club.

"Let's go in and see what they're about," said Albert.

They were just in season to hear an animated and intelligent discussion of the events of Cromwell's time.

"Not a word about cold water, or hot water, or milk and water, but just straight good sense," whispered Albert to his companion

The next week found the young men again in the same place. This time they were earnestly requested to sign the pledge and become members of the club. Albert hesitated. His friend said, "I will, if you will."

Should he do more for Frank Baker than he would for Fanny Dean? But remembering that Frank was already very, very fond of the dreaded cup, he wrote his name and donned the ribbon.

Again Fanny Dean was sitting with her friend, Mrs. Clifton. "Do you know," she said, "that it is reported that Albert Hale has been received as junior partner in the house for which he has been working?"

"He can hardly have lived up to his principles of freedom, I think," remarked Mrs. Clifton.

"I am glad he has done so well," said Fanny, "but after all I fear there is no permanent prosperity for him while he entertains such opinions."

There was a ring at the door bell, and a servant announced, "Mr. Albert Hale."

"So I have come to a meeting of the 'fanatics,' have I?" he said gaily. "Allow me to introduce a third," and he pointed to the ribbon in his button hole.

Albert Hale is coming again at Christmas time, and Fanny will return with him—a pair of the most uncompromising fanatics.

SHE KNEW

WHAT THE MULE DIED FROM.

Some weeks since a man traded a mule to his neighbor for a horse, warranting the old brayer to be sound in wind and limb. Not ten days had elapsed when the mule brayed his last bray and kicked his last kick. The former owner refused to be held responsible, and the result was a lawsuit which was concluded recently in Justice alley. When the plaintiff had told what he knew and thought and suspected, his wife was put on the stand, and on the cross-examination the defendant's lawyer said:—

"Mrs. Smith, what did that mule die of?"

"Botts," was her prompt reply.

"Are you sure?"

"Yes, sir."

"Wasn't the beast choked to death with some fish-bones you gave him along with his slop?"

"No, sir. We haven't had fish in the house for a year."

"Wasn't it possible that he might have swallowed a hair pin?"

"No, sir. I've counted my hair pins and none are missing."

"Do you ever buy poison to kill rats?"

"Never."

"Were you home when the mule was first taken?"

"I was."

"And you knew that his ailment was botts?"

"Yes, sir."

"And you told your husband so?"

"I did."

"Mrs. Smith, do you call yourself a horse doctor or a mule doctor?"

"No, sir."

"Well, how are you so certain tha this mule died of botts?"

"Because I am."

"I want a plain answer. How are you so certain that the mule died of botts?"

"Well, I looked him all over, and he didn't have the measles, chicken-pox, whooping-cough or dumb ague. My husband looked him all over, and he didn't have poll-evil, colic, sweeny or blind staggers, then we knew it must be botts."

"How did you know?"

"How did I know?" she echoed in an indignant voice. "Do you suppose I've kept house for thirty-two years and been the mother of eleven children and don't know what the botts are? Why, I've had 'em a dozen times myself, and the old man here would have died with 'em in March if I hadn't put on mustard poultices and drawn 'em out of his system by way of his feet! Botts! Why, I know 'em from Dan to Besheeby!"

GREAT SOUTHERN CITY.

Atlanta, Ga., is unquestionably the coming city of the South Atlantic slope. In addition to her present splendid railroad system, she is to have, within the next six or eight months, five other steel rail feeders, to wit: The Macon and Brunswick extension, giving her another competing line to the seaboard; the extension of the same to Rome, in the northwest corner of the state, where connection will be made with the Chattanooga and Rome and the Cincinnati Southern; the Georgia Western, running out in a northwesterly direction to the rich coal fields of Alabama; the Marietta and North Georgia, passing through the mineral and metal mountains of Northeast Georgia, and across the spur of North Carolina to Knoxville, and another line to Birmingham, Ala. These roads are projected by combinations of great wealth, and are to be pushed through as rapidly as labor can be found to do the work; and, when completed, the Gate City will have the most complete system of roads of any city in the South, and will be absolutely free from any danger of flank movement. Her prosperity and rapid growth seem to be fully assured.

JUG BREAKING.

A NEW CHURCH AMUSEMENT.

A jug-breaking entertainment took place at the colored Methodist church in 158th street the other evening. Thirty members of the congregation bought earthenware jugs at three cents apiece and themselves deposited and induced their friends to deposit as much money in them as they were able. The accumulated money went to Rev. T. E. Franklin, pastor of the church, to make up to him in part his back salary, amounting to $135. For the jug containing the most money a prize of a silver watch was given; the next best jug took a photograph album, and the jug third in richness brought to its possessor a beautiful case.

Forty persons or more were assembled in the church when Mr. Williams, a prominent member, announced that he would break open the jugs with a hammer and ascertain the result. He smote the first jug asunder, and the coin which it contained fell on the table in front of him. It was in silver and copper, and amounted to fifty-seven cents. Jug followed jug then, the contents ranging from half a dollar to four dollars and a half, until the jug of Walter Williams, a bright boy of 5, son of the man who was smashing the crockery, was reached, and the first thing which burst from this was a crisp $5 bill. The bill leaped forth like a jack from the box, and as an accumulation of accompanying coin fell ringing upon the table, Mr. Williams exclaimed:—

"This is a blessed revelation. The gentleman who put that $5 bill in that jug in secret will be rewarded by the Lord openly!"

There was $4.96 besides the bill in Walter Williams's jug, and he got the silver watch. Previously to the breaking, the boy had been rolling the jug about the floor, until his father, with a sort of premonition of its contents, checked him. Mrs. Petersham's jug was cracked, and a very small quantity of coin fell on the table. Mr. Williams hesitated before he cast away the pieces in order to make sure that nothing remained attached to them. "The gentlemen who count," he said kindly, "will be careful not to mistake gold pieces for cents or cents for gold pieces;" but there were no gold pieces in Mrs. Petersham's jug, and after his assistants had twice counted, Mr. Williams announced in an off-hand manner:—

"Thirty-seven cents for Mrs. Petersham."

This was the smallest sum discovered in any jug, and the aggregate money secured to the pastor of St. Paul church was in the neighborhood of [illegible] The breaking of the jugs was conducted amid perfect silence on the part of the on-lookers. A mea[illegible] containing three live canary [illegible] was opened at a late hour, and the birds became the property of the ladies, to whom they were presented by the gentlemen, who after some little difficulty, captured the liberated songsters.—*New York Sun.*

CIRCUS ROMANCE.

[illegible] of the prettiest of the ecuyeres or [illegible] riders at the Hippodrome has met with a tragic end. Her name was put on the bills as Mlle Fanny Gyika. Some said that the coronet of countess embroidered on her saddle and trappings really belonged to her, while others declared that they had been assumed with the same readiness as that which transformed the commonplace Sally Scroggins into Ada de Montmorency for stage purposes. Death has torn aside the veil, and the unfortunate lady, who died on Tuesday, and was buried yesterday, was not only a real countess, but the wife of a very wealthy gentleman holding an important appointment at Bucharest. He was present at the funeral and he took greatly to heart the death of the lady, who was only 24, and at the very zenith of her beauty when she met with the accident which ended fatally.

Hers was one of those wild and roving dispositions, more suited to the gypsy camp than to domestic duties. She left her husband and wandered from circus to circus, refusing every offer to return home. At last she came to Paris and made an engagement with M. Zidler, of the Hippodrome. Just a week ago she made her last appearance before the public. She was riding her favorite charger, Sultan, and after putting him through his paces, she galloped round the arena to receive the applause of the audience. Somehow the horse backed or shied at a handkerchief and unseated his rider, whose foot got caught in the stirrup. She was dragged for some distance, and when taken up had to be conveyed to the [illegible] pound fracture of the ankle. She was told that she must lose her leg, but she refused to undergo the operation, preferring death, which supervened through mortification of the injured limb within a few days.—*London Globe.*

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

Lightning is kindled in the thunderstorm by raising tracks of material substance scattered along its path into a state of sparkling incandescence, and it is in this particular identical in nature with the ordinary electrical spark. The light, however, which strikes in either case upon the eye endures for an almost inconceivably brief interval of time. It has been shown that the duration of the spark which issues from the prime conductor of an electrical machine does not exceed the millionth part of a second. But very delicate and complicated experiments have had to be devised to prove that such is the case, because when a quite instantaneous impression of light has been made upon the human eye, the effect remains as a vital sensation for something like the fifth part of a second after the illuminating impulse has ceased. It is for this reason that a burning stick whirled round in the dark presents itself to the eye as a continuous circle of fire. If the stick is made to circle round so quickly that it returns back to the same position in the circle five times every second, the impression of each successive luminous impulse originating in that part is produced upon the eye before the immediately preceding impression has died away.

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

Consistent[illegible] Vote for men who are in favor of l[illegible]se and who you know would grant [illegible]censes; then condemn the license bu[illegible]ness.

A Lowell li[illegible]or dealer advertised a free lunch at [illegible]s restaurant every day. A lady took s[illegible]en ragged and hungry boys to the sa[illegible]on on the first day, nine the next, and twelve the next. The beer seller soon concluded that the free lunch was a[illegible]pensive advertisement.

I would s[illegible] every young man in the United [illegible] if I could reach him: If you m[illegible]in one of the prizes of your pro[illegible]nd live a cheerful life to the [illegible]ighty, throw away [illegible] come a[illegible]ut your cigars in dinner [illegible]ny any more, be- rest on[illegible]otaler, take your "The[illegible]le of the day, and been c[illegible]n.—*James Parton.*

I have [illegible] prisoners who have fifteen [illegible] to prisons with which among them, [illegible]cted during the last with minister[illegible]nts to 22,000, and of persons who [illegible]ve come in contact our churches, [illegible]the gospel, numbers parents, but [illegible]re once members of being a teet[illegible]lso children of pious *Canter*[illegible]r met with a prisoner [illegible]."—*The Governor of* [illegible]

We[illegible] favor of any kind of a licen[illegible] Rum-selling is either good[illegible]ood, then it should have [illegible]ce as any other kind of bu[illegible]il, the nation, state, county[illegible] no right to license it. [illegible] legalizes an evil its moral[illegible]estroyed. When it places[illegible]ing power over its wor[illegible]sult will be degradation [illegible]e and death to the state [illegible] of the evil [illegible] and preservin[illegible]remedy is destruction [illegible]

It is eviden[illegible]s elevating the people perance is o[illegible] the state.—*Ex.*

[illegible] the incorpo[illegible] that the battle for tem- the constitu[illegible] half won in Kansas in have a vast [illegible]tion of prohibition into in their busi[illegible]on. The brewers, who action and w[illegible]mount of money invested Supreme co[illegible]ss, have taken combined tion whethe[illegible]ll carry up to the U. S. constitution[illegible]rt, if necessary, the ques- take proper[illegible] under the United States ding its sa[illegible] the state has a right "to allowed its [illegible] for public use by forbid- the questio[illegible] when the state law had state certai[illegible]anufacture." Considering to forbid[illegible] in its broadest aspect the leading [illegible]ly ought to have the right and crim[illegible] the sale of that which is the a few d[illegible]promoter of poverty and vice thereby [illegible]e, however much the pockets of The [illegible]ozen brewers may be emptied [illegible]—*Congregationalist.*

[illegible] liquor [illegible] Vine-Dealers' Gazette, the most he out[illegible] of the journals devoted to the made t[illegible]erest, says: "Public sentiment or any [illegible]own the idea that men can be penalties [illegible]us or temperate by statute law outgrown [illegible]ossible system of pains and still a v[illegible]" Public sentiment has not murder, [illegible] the idea that statute law has statutes, [illegible]alue against theft, lying, and Public s[illegible] even though, despite the provides [illegible]hese offenses still continue. those wh[illegible]ntiment sanctions law which are know[illegible] pains and penalties for the comm[illegible]o either commit crimes, or who posed, ho[illegible]n directly to incite others to temperate[illegible]ission of crime. It is not pro- mischievo[illegible]wever, so much to make men men, for [illegible] by law, as to abolish the tempt, by [illegible]us law which enables a few men to dr[illegible] a money consideration, to [illegible] authority of the state, other [illegible]nkenness and ruin.

The foll[illegible] ings were [illegible] of Texas: [illegible]owing temperance Bible read- [illegible]rranged by Mrs. Richardson,

I. Pries[illegible] 9, 10, 11. [illegible]ts not to drink.—1. Lev. x, 8,

II. Rul[illegible] Prov. xxxi[illegible] 2. Isaiah xxviii 7.

III. A [illegible]rs not to drink wine.—3. Hab. ii, 15[illegible] 4, 5.

IV. A w[illegible]voe on drunkard-makers.—4. Isaiah v, [illegible] 5. Hab. ii, 9, 10. Isaiah xxv[illegible]e on the wine-drinker.—6. 10. Prov. [illegible]11, 12. 7. Isaiah v, 29. 8. 31, 32. [illegible]iii, 1. 9. Isaiah xxviii, 2, 3.

V. Wine[illegible]xiii, 29, 30. 11. Prov. xxiii, —12. Prov[illegible] 1. 14. Jo[illegible] and strong drink degrading.

VI. Dru[illegible]. xxiii, 20, 21. 13. Prov. xx, sins.—15. [illegible]l iii, 3. 34. 17. R[illegible]kenness condemned as other

VII. Dr[illegible] Cor. v, 11. 16. Luke xxi, heaven.—1[illegible]om. xiii, 13, 14. Cor. vi, 9, 1[illegible]nkenness excludes from [illegible]8. Gal. v, 19, 20, 21. 19. 1 [illegible]0.

Let ninete[illegible]n persons in the congrega- tion be fu[illegible]rnished with tables, and be assigned a [illegible] number, and asked to find the text o[illegible]pposite the number on the card. The[illegible] let the leader announce the first part o[illegible] the reading—"Priests not to drink wi[illegible] one and tw[illegible] can be follo[illegible] numbers [illegible] to read their texts [illegible] appropriate. Then take up th[illegible]next subject, "Rulers not to drink wine," etc.

WISDOM'S WAYS.

Forgivene[illegible]ss is the most refined and generous po[illegible]int of virtue to which human nature can a[illegible]ttain. Cowards have done good and k[illegible]nd actions; but a coward never forga[illegible]e. It is not his nature.

He who [illegible]an collect and arrange his thoughts, to [illegible] whom heaven has granted a dispassion[illegible]te nature, who enters without hatred o[illegible] love into the great questions of this [illegible] world with all rational beings on his [illegible]side, must gain the victory or perish; [illegible]ut, dying thus, at least he dies in good [illegible] company.

Advice is [illegible]ften a well-meant intrusion. More—no [illegible]atter how excellent or how much needed we may think it, it is worse than thrown away when it is thrust upon unwilling ea[illegible]s. The cases are rare where it should be given unsought, and even these often fail for want of delicate management. Unless some degree of confidence i[illegible] established, it is utterly worthless.

Except in [illegible] very rare instances which involve actu[illegible] wrong-doing or very serious injury, every promise should be rigidly kept [illegible]nd every resolution scrupulously carri[illegible]ed out. Caution and reflection shou[illegible]ld precede every determination, but sh[illegible]ould never be suffered a subsequent freedom of interference. When we ha[illegible]e once decided, once resolved, once promised, suspense should cease, and th[illegible] action should be considered virtually [illegible]one.

JUNE.

WHAT FOUR WISE MEN PREDICT.

RAPHAEL.

At the New Moon on May 27 the end of Capricorn will be ascending with the lights in the fourth house in Gemini; and Mercury on the cusp of the fifth; Mars in the second; and Venus, Saturn and Jupiter, in Taurus, on the cusp of the third house. The latter position is favorable for railways and traveling, and an increase in the receipts may be expected. The lights in the fourth in square to Uranus is unfavorable for agriculture, threatening blight and mildew, and an unkind time for the crops. Mars, in the second, is indicative of much fraud in trade, taxation or heavy expenditures. Venus, in conjunction with Saturn, is unfavorable for females, and cases of cruelty, murder and violence will be very rife, and much above the average. Mercury, on the cusp of the fifth, and strong, is favorable for schools, and for young people and children generally. The planet Mars will be, in Aries, the ruling sign of England, the greater part of the month, and hence trouble may be expected, and an increase of violence and crime in the land—strikes and, in some places, rioting. Jupiter, Venus and Saturn are in Taurus, and this will benefit Ireland, and she may expect some useful and beneficial legislation this session. London will be busy, and her trade will increase. Total eclipse of the moon June 11 and 12; invisible at Greenwich; but visible in North and South America, and portions of Africa and Australia. It happens in the last face of Sagittarius, and is said to produce pestilences and many evils; and, as the eclipse happens near the cusp of the sixth house, sickness is to be feared, principally in the southern parts of Europe. There will also be some lamentable accidents in travelling, and Mars, on the meridian, will produce foreign wars and slaughter, and the death of great and noble men, kings and princes. The sun enters the tropical sign, Cancer at 7.30 in the morning of the 21st of June, at which time Leo will be rising, and Mars and the Moon on the meridian; Venus, Saturn and Jupiter will be in the 10th, the Sun in the 11th, Mercury in the 12th, and Uranus in the 2d. The chief position is that of the Moon and Mars, denoting warlike preparations, secret enemies to the nation, intrigues and bloodshed in foreign parts. The government will have its hands full, and I anticipate the passing of some useful measures in Parliament during the rule of this figure. Herschel in the 2d is hardly favorable for the revenue, and shows some peculiar difficulties in finance. The Sun, lord of the figure, is in sextile to the Moon and Mars, hence the condition of the country will improve, and the people will be more prosperous than lately; but the square of Mars and Mercury will bring about much cheating, fraud and daring burglaries. The nation will be much excited over internal affairs, and great activity will be witnessed in towns respecting the doings of Parliament. The diseases prevalent will be those that attack the throat and bowels; malignant fevers may be expected, and a prevalence of some martial pestilence, such as small-pox and scarlet fever, hence the death rate will be somewhat above the average for the quarter. Some sad scenes in prison life will be disclosed, and a female of rank and eminence will die.

ZADKIEL.

Mars is still passing through Aries, and troubling old England with foreign questions and home policy. At the summer solstice Mars will be flaming in the midheavens, in sextile with the Sun, elevated above all the heavenly bodies, and in conjunction with the Moon. The government will have its hands full of trouble, and the people will be inclined to warfare, for an impatient spirit will suddenly take hold of them. At Paris, too, the war spirit will be rife. In Europe earthquakes will be felt, chiefly about the Grecian Archipelago. In North America fever and sunstroke will be fatally prevalent toward the end of the month. On the 24th Mars transits the place of the last conjunction of Saturn and Jupiter. Disputes anent religious matters will run very high in Parliament. In fact, the government will be embarrassed. Ireland will be disturbed and the mischievous agitators will bring about a most lamentable state of affairs there. Happily for the sister isle, Jupiter is her ruling sign, so that much of the threatened evil will be moderated by the good influence of the greater fortune, and overruled for good. Persons born about the 19th of June will now enter upon a busy year. [illegible] place [illegible] on the 13th instant, the [illegible] and Mars squares his ascendant on the 28th; this will be a dangerous month for the autocrat; his armies will meet with defeat. The total eclipse of the Moon, June 11, falls in the twenty-second degree of the sign Sagittarius, which, according to Ramesy, signifies "pestilence and many evils." Ramesy also says "that when Mars and the Moon are in conjunction, violent earthquakes and much bloodshed are indicated." We may, therefore, look for some shocks of earthquake in the South of England during the summer; but the most violent shocks will be felt in the southern hemisphere. Mars and the Moon being in sextile aspect with the Sun in the eleventh house, shows great military glory and victories for England. The general character of the weather of the ensuing quarter will be stormy and hot, great damage being done by lightning in places ruled by Taurus. At Berlin, Vienna and Rome, Saturn will be culminating at the ingress, and can not fail to bring misfortunes and physical evils (earthquakes probably) on the Germans, Austrians and Italians. At Washington, at the ingress, Venus and Jupiter will have just risen (in Taurus); hence the harvest will be plentiful and the American people will be very prosperous during the ensuing quarter. However, the Moon and Mars conjoined in the twelfth house, denotes some troubles arising from warlike acts of discontented tribes of Indians, etc. At the lunation, Mars and Saturn will be located in the ninth house, and this signifies that there will be some great catastrophe to ocean steamers, and many shipwrecks during the ensuing month. Venus and Jupiter being on the meridian shows a very prosperous period generally.

TICE.

First and probably 2d, rain and severe storms in places; 2d and 3d, clear or fair; 4th to 7th, clouding, threatening weather, with very heavy rains in places; 8th and 9th, clear; 10th to 14th, clouding, threatening weather, with very heavy rains and storms in places; 14th and 15th, clear; 15th to 19th, clouding, threatening weather, with local rains; 19th to 20th, clear; 21st to 25th, clouding, threatening weather, with heavy rains and storms in places; 25th and 27th, clear; 27th to 30th, clouding, threatening weather, with heavy rains in places and perhaps storms. Comparatively warmer days about the 6th, 12th, 18th, 24th and 29th. Comparatively cooler days about the 2d, 8th, 15th, 20th and 25th; but really cool days only occur when it clears up from the northwest. Earthquake conditions exist in full force on the 6th, 11th, 16th, 22d and 29th. Auroras will probable be visible on the 3d, 9th, 16th, 21st and 26th. A total eclipse of the moon, June 11.12, visible to North and South America, and to portions of Africa and Australia, occuring in Washington time as follows: moon enters penumbra 11th, 11.7 p. m.; enters shadow 12th, 0.3 a. m.; total eclipse begins 1.05; middle, 1.40; ends, 2.27; leaves shadow, 3.28; leaves penumbra, 4.24.

VENNOR.

This Canadian probability man says that he has not attempted details respecting the weather beyond the month of May, said month being considered a sufficient severe test of his theory, but that in the general features probable for the summer and autumn months he has made use of some trustworthy data, and feels confident as to the general accuracy. Therefore, June is likely to prove warm, even hot, and dry up to about the 10th or 12th days. Beyond these dates cool and showery weather is probable up to the 20th, and frosts are likely to be experienced pretty generally in Canada and Northern states. A snowfall is not improbable in mountainous regions. The neighborhood of the 22d and 23d days look, in the distance, particularly cool and frosty, while the 24th to 26th, on the contrary, smack of heat in many sections of the country. The neighborhood of the 29th is likely to prove stormy in Western Ontario and Western United States, the storms being, in all probability, accompanied by thunder and lightning and hail. The month will end hot, in most parts, with threatening weather.

POISONIOUS COSMETIQUES.

Miss Fannie J. Blanchard, aged twenty-four, a native of Buffalo, died recently in New York from lead-poisoning, the effect of the excessive use of cosmetics containing white lead. A diagnosis of the case was made by Dr. Hammond, who pronounced the cause of death to be lead-poisoning. While unwilling to talk to a *Tribune* reporter about this particular case, or any case which involved his relation as a physician to a patient, he was not averse to state his views on the dangers attendant upon the use of cosmetics.

"Lead-poisoning," he said, "occurs more frequently than is generally thought. The public rarely hears of such cases. It is only once in a while that cases like that of Miss Blanchard attract the attention of the public outside of the medical profession. The use of any kind of cosmetics, even if not habitually indulged in, is attended with danger. There are very few if any that do not contain white lead. This poison is used in the manufacture of face powders, face washes and hair dyes. Minute particles enter the skin and are taken up by the blood and communicated to the system. It produces various effects. Paralysis, colic, prostration of the nervous system and insanity are among the most frequent results of its introduction into the sys tem. A very distressing case came under my notice a few years ago in the wife of the governor of one of the Western States. She had been in the habit of using a certain hair dye—I forget the name at the present moment—which contained white lead in a large proportion. She became hopelessly insane, and death ensued finally. Another case was that of a young lady who used a so-called 'Bloom of Youth.' In this case paralysis preceded death."

"How large a quantity does the system require to absorb before the symptoms of poisoning become apparent?"

"In some cases the quantity is infinitesimal, but it varies. The most com[illegible] of poisoning is occasioned by the use of water c[illegible] pipes. The family of Louis Philippe suffered from lead-poisoning while living at Claremont. The water upon examination was found to contain but one grain of lead to the gallon. A lead colic was almost unknown in Amsterdam till the inhabitants began to substitute lead roofs for tiles, when a violent epidemic of the disease occurred and caused great ravages. In experiments which I instituted with the reference of the action of water upon lead I found that one pint of water remaining in a bright leaden jar for six consecutive hours contained, upon being tested by passing a current of sulphureted hydrogen through it, one-seventh of a grain of lead—a proportion amply sufficient to have produced the most serious results if the water in which it was found had been used as a drink for a few weeks.

WANTED A DOCTOR.

The widow of an ambassador at Berlin took an immense fancy to the good looks and attractive manners of a young medical man, and, there being nothing the matter with her, demanded his constant attendance, besides introducing him to many of her friends. On visiting her lately, however, he was stopped in the hall, and presently her ladyship's own maid came to say that, unfortunately, my lady could not see him. "Going out?" "No, doctor; she's really unwell, and has had to send for a physician."

AN ENGINEER'S EXPERIENCE.

I knew an engineer once who could not help going to sleep on his engine, try as he would. Nothing could cure him. He was on the edge of an accident all the time, and the thing got talked about so that the general officers heard about it and were going to let him out. He begged so hard, though, that they concluded to let him run a little longer, and see if he couldn't cure himself. One night, when his train was booming along, a signal was out ordering him to stop for telegraphic instructions, but he happened to be asleep when they passed by the station and shot right by. A few minutes later he awoke, shook himself and began tending to business. It was very dark, and, luckily for him he slowed up a little. Just as he did so he looked ahead and saw what seemed to be a signal lantern ahead on the track. He stopped at once, but as he did so the lantern disappeared. Considerably puzzled he started again, but no sooner had he done so than it was seen again, and this time it was unmistakable. He could even see, indistinctly, a form which looked like a woman's just behind it. Once more he stopped and out it went again. By this time he was thoroughly bewildered and a little frightened, and sent his fireman ahead on the track where the lantern had seemed to be. There was nothing there. The train was started once more, and again the lantern light flashed out. He watched it more closely this time, and it seemed to him that the lantern moved with the train, keeping the same speed and the same distance. The cold sweat came on his forehead, and he grew thoroughly frightened. A third time he slowed up and stopped, and out went the light. He called the conductor and told him what he had seen, but the conductor could not believe it. To satisfy him he started the train, and sure enough there was the light. Railroad men are naturally superstitious, and the two began to feel the cold chills running down their backs. The engineer remembered that he had not been conscious when passing the station behind them, and he determined to run back. Accordingly he did so, but the lantern followed, keeping the same distance. When he reached the station he got the telegraph signal and instructions to switch off the main track and leave the road clear for a white flag train which was coming from an opposite direction on the same track. He did so at once, and the minute he reached the switch the light went out. Five minutes later the special train came thundering around the curve at the rate of forty miles an hour, and he was saved from a collision. —*Denver Tribune.*

LIFE SAVING DEPARTMENTS.

The United States life-saving establishment is a humane and efficient branch of the public service, whose duties are discharged amid great peril, but which is a new blessing of advanced civilization. It is no only the lights that line the shore and warn the mariner of shoals and rocks, which now aid him upon his voyage, but there is the moral consciousness of the invisible succor awaiting him in the peril of shipwreck. The life-saving stations stretch along the coast and around the lakes, and their record of the year is one of the most interesting of public documents.

During the year there were 179 stations in all, of which 139 were on the Atlantic coast, 34 on the lakes and 6 on the Pacific. Within the range of the service there have been 300 disasters to vessels during the year, of which vessels 67 were totally lost; 1,989 persons were on board, and 1,980 were saved, 9 persons only being lost. At the stations 1,202 days' relief was furnished to 449 shipwrecked persons. The estimated value of the vessels wrecked was $2,616,340, and that of their cargoes, $1,195,368, making a total value of property imperiled $3,811,708. Of this sum $2,619,807 was saved, and $1,191,901 lost. By the surf-boat 390 persons were landed; 23 by the life-boats; 67 by the small boats; 65 by the life-car; 109 by the breeches-buoy. Others were aided by the surf-men in other ways, and in 128 instances vessels were hove off when stranded and piloted out of dangerous places, or repaired when damaged.—*Harper's Weekly.*

BUSINESS FAILURES IN 1881.

Messrs. R. G. Dunn & Co., in their quarterly report make a statement of failures in the United States for the first quarter of 1881, ending March 31, in which it appears that in the Eastern States there were 263 failures, in the Middle States 415, in the Southern States 526, in the Western States 433, and in the Pacific States and Territories 124. Making a total of 1,761 failures, with liabilities of $24,447,250. For the co[illegible] period of the year 1880 the failures were 1,432 and the lia[illegible]ties, $12,777,774. Thus it may be observed, that with an increase of only 329 failures, the liabilities have reached the startling amount of nearly $12,000,000 more, or double that of the preceding year. Those figures are very significant, and show that the lessons learned by the disasters which occurred during the six years following 1873, have already been forgotten, in the short season of prosperity enjoyed during the past year.

A variety of causes, no doubt, contributed to produce these unfortunate results, but we believe it to be chiefly due to the expansion of lines of credit which a confidence in the general prosperity emboldened business men to allow; this stimulated over-trading and aided the disasters.

If we do not wish a repetition of the experience of the previous six unfortunate years, we should be more conservative in our affairs, and not expand our efforts beyond the legitimate limits of our financial capacity, nor by too much confidence in appearance, encourage such efforts in others.

The Chinese are said to believe that the reason why those who read the Bible become Christians is due to the stupefying power of the ink, which takes away his reason and leaves him ready to believe false doctrines. Warnings against the purchase of foreign books are frequent in consequence of this superstition.

TWENTY-NINTH

Annual Report

—OF THE—

MASSACHUSETTS

MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE CO.

For the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1880.

E. W. BOND, President.

JOHN A. HALL, Secretary.

Receipts in 1880	$1,165,293 50
Disbursements	961,158 21
Assets	7,006,941 48
Liabilities	6,201,198 98
Surplus by Massachusetts Standard	805,742 50
Surplus by N. York standard, about	1,256,000 00
Interest Receipts in 1880	377,322 50
Death Losses paid in 1880	301,806 47

Excess of Interest over Death Losses $75,516 03

The Massachusetts Mutual is a progressive and growing Company, careful and conservative in its management, judicious in its investments, and liberal in its transactions.

Under the new non-forfeiture law of Massachusetts, the Company is enabled to offer the best policy contract ever laid before the public—plain, liberal, and just in its provisions.

SEE EXAMPLE.

Policy, $10,000. Age, 38. Payable at death or 50. Annual Premium, $296 00. Dividend annually.

Paid up value after two years	$1,286 20
" " " five "	3,281 70
" " " ten "	6,316 50

Any time after two years, when the insurable interest has terminated, cash will be paid on surrender of the policy.

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M. V. B. EDGERLY, Manager,
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(Successors to Morrill & Silsby.)

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Second Door North of Post Office,
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CENTRAL HOUSE,

LACONIA, N. H,

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SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1881.

NEWS FROM OUR NEIGHBORS.

WARREN.

The telephone from the depot to the summit of Mt. Moosilauke is in operation as far as Breezy Point House, and by the last of the week we will have instantaneous communication with the Prospect House at the summit.

The suit H. W. Weeks & Son *vs.* Knapp & Putnam, which after many delays and postponements, was begun last January, was resumed at the Langdon House, Tuesday. The suit is brought to recover an alleged balance of an account, running over a period of ten years, of $25,000. The evidence is chiefly documentary and consists of book accounts, receipts, survey books, etc. The direct examination of H. W. Weeks has been finished and his cross-examination begun. The personel of the court is J. R. Ramsdale, clerk of court at Nashua. Auditor, plaintiff's counsel, Hons. Judge Rand, Lisbon; Austin F. Pike, Franklin, and S. B. Page, Woodsville. Defendant's counsel, Hon. Geo. Bingham, Littleton; Geo. E. Carpenter, Bath, and Geo. F. Putnam, Haverhill. Both parties seem disposed to continue the sittings of the court until the case is finished. VERITAS.

Mr. O. S. Gleason is having his house newly painted on the outside.

A few summer boarders have arrived in town already.

D. Q. Clement is making enlargements and also improvements on the "Tip-Top House," Moosilauke.

The remains of Mrs. James Noyes, of Lynn, Mass., a former resident of this town, were brought here for interment last Monday.

The Sabbath school concert was held at the M. E. church last Sabbath evening, and was well attended. The little folks rendered their parts finely in singing and speaking.

Mr. George and Cady Clement, while fencing, a short time since, saw two striped snakes up in a white ash tree about seven feet from the ground, coiled around the limbs. They killed one while coming down the tree and the other soon after he struck the ground.

Miss Menta Gale commenced her school on Swain hill last Monday. It would have begun four weeks sooner but many of the scholars were sick with the measles.

The people were very busy last Wednesday evening covering up their gardens, with the expectations of a heavy frost, but only a *slight* one appeared.

Mr. Woodward is making various improvements on his summer baarding house at the base of Moosilauke, known as the "Breezy Point" house, and his guests will find good accommodations this season. M.

ASHLAND.

The Sunday School Convention of East Grafton County, was held in the Free Will Baptist church at Ashland, on Wednesday. There was a good attendance and an excellent collation was served at noon. The following were the exercises in the forenoon: Devotional meeting; Organization; Address of welcome, Rev. W. L. Noyes; Response by Rev. Geo. H. Scott; Brief history of Sabbath school progress, Rev. Q. Blakely; How to build up a Sabbath school, Rev. J. D. Tilton; Reports from Sabbath schools; Work outside the Sabbath school, Deacon Dean; The teacher's aim, Rev. W. L. Noyes. In the afternoon: Season of devotion; International lessons, Rev. Mr. Trow; Exercises by children; Address, temperance in S. S., illustrated, Rev. H. F. Wood, Concord; Rewards of our work, Rev. J. B. Cook; Character essential in a teacher, Prof. H. P. Warren. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. J. D. Tilton; Vice Presidents, Rev. Messrs, Haines and Noyes; Secretary, Rev. Q. Blakely; Treasurer, Deacon W. W. Russell. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Grafton County East Judicial District ought to sustain a Sabbath school convention.

Resolved, That every Sabbath school within said limits ought to be represented, so that we may get acquainted, and have a full interchange of opinion and sentiment, and thus be encouraged and strengthened.

Resolved, That we tender our thanks to the Boston, Concord and Montreal railroad corporation for their favor to those attending this convention, in the reduction of fare.

Resolved, That the [illegible] be presented to the people of Ashland [illegible] their generous hospitality.

WENTWORTH.

Mr. A. S. Aldrich of Woonsocket, R. I., is stopping with Mr. Kendall Webster. Also Miss Etta Dana of the same place is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. D. Morey.

Mr. Henry Webster has returned to New York.

J. C. Story, Esq., has been to Canaan to see his parents.

Dr. W. Hazelton has made his sister Mrs. Dr. Whitmore a short visit.

The Ladies Aid Society had a strawberry supper Wednesday evening. The Reform Club are to have one Saturday evening, June 18.

Our social meetings on Sunday, will for the present, be holden in the church at 5 o'clock p. m.

Rev. T. W. Darling preaches eloquent and instructive sermons.

Messrs. Eastman & Brown are building a barn.

Mr. A. M. Cogswell is having repairs made upon his buildings.

Mr. Hiram Ramsey has moved into the vicinity of the Mica mines at Groton.

Mr. Samuel Harris has been quite ill. TEMPLAR.

NEW HAMPTON.

Velocipedes are stylish here just now.

The grounds in front of the Institution have been put in order, preparatory to anniversary.

Some new foot-lights have been added to Chapel Hall.

The following are the programmes for anniversary and prize speaking:

Fifty-Eighth anniversary of the New Hampton Literary Institution and Commercial college, June 20, 21, 22 and 23. Monday, June 20th, 8. p. m. lecture before the Students' Christian Association. Tuesday, June 21st, examination of classes. Written examination of the three classes in Commercial college, till 12 m., Mr. Meservey; Written examination of botany class, Miss Fall; Practical arithmetic, Miss Butts; Homer, Mr. Moulton; Seasons, Miss Fall; Cicero, Mr. Moulton; Higher arithmetic, Mr. Meservey; Penmanship, Mr. Roberts; Prize examination in Latin, Mr. Moulton; Telegraphy, Mr. Preston; Latin reader, Miss Fall; Middle class in Commercial college, Mr. Preston; University Algebra, Mr. Emerson; Meeting of Trustees; Prayers; Prize speaking by the Middle Class in Chapel Hall. Programme: Music; Prayer; Resistance of British Aggression, (Patrick Henry) E. C. Clark; Death makes all Men Brothers, (Upham) C. B. Burleigh; Eulogy on Lafayette, (Sprague) C. N. Preston; The sleeping Sentinel, (Janvier) C. S. Hudson; Music; Toussaint L'Overture, (Phillips) H. S. Weston; Heroes of the Land of Penn, (Lippard) C. L. Sawyer; Mark Antony's Oration over the dead body of Cæsar, (Shakespeare) D. M. Rowe; *The Fir*[illegible]*man's Prayer*, (Conwell) D. L. A[illegible]drich, Jr.; Music; South Carolina and Massachusetts, (Webster) R. W. Kimball; Motives to Intellectual Action in America, (Hillard) E. A. Pugsley; Shamus O'Brien, (Samuel Lover) F. M. Irving; Regulus to the Carthaginians, (Kellogg) C. E. Dodge; Music.

Wednesday, June 22nd, examination of classes. Botany, (oral) Miss Fall; Commercial law, Mr. Emerson; Anabasis, Mr. Moulton; French, Miss Butts; Surveying, Mr. Emerson; Junior class in Commercial college, Mr. Preston; Virgil, Mr. Moulton; Elementary Algebra, Miss Butts; Meeting of the Corporation; Banking, Mr. Meservy; Moral philosophy, Mr. Emerson; Cæsar, Miss Fall; Geology, Mr. Moulton: Actual business by the three classes in Commercial college, Mr. Meservy and Mr. Preston; Prayers; Address before the Literary Societies, by Rev. Elias Nason, Billerica, Mass.; Subject. "Originality." Thursday, June 23d; 8. a. m., Procession in front of Randall Hall; 9 a. m., Exercises of Graduating class; 8. p. m., Promenade Concert in Hall.

School in district No. 6 has been obliged to stop for a week or more, owing to a severe cough prevailing among the scholars.

Mr. C. L. Kimball has lost a two year old steer with a strange disease. The animal when first taken, frothed at the mouth, and appeared very thirsty; soon the tongue became black and swelled so as to protrude from the mouth considerably. What kind of a disease, and whether the other nine in the same pasture will have it, is awaited with much anxiety by the owners.

Mrs. H. H. Andrews who is very ill, is not expected to recover. R.

WOODSTOCK.

Isaac Fox fell from the high beams of his barn, broke his leg and otherwise injured himself. Dr. Smith set the bones and attends him.

Elmer E. Woodbury fell from a barn frame and hurt himself very much, but is better now.

Enoch Emmons' horse got frightened in front of T. J. Gilman's store, and tipped the carriage over, slightly damaging it.

The school taught by Alice Page of Lisbon is proving to be a perfect success.

Mrs. Daniel Dearborn has a White Mountain Peony that has 62 buds and blossoms on it now. It is a very rare plant.

The rivermen are coming home and we are glad to meet them once more.

The frost did great damage here to early vegetables.

Abbie F. Dearborn has had the scarlet fever but is better now.

Mary A. Dearborn is quite low just now, She has been sick three weeks. B.

Warm days and cool nights.

T. J. Smith is building a new house on the site where the old one was burned.

Raome Gentiss intends soon to go the Flume House to work.

Are we not going to have a celebration on the Fourth?

The Ashland *Advance* is very welcomely received here.

The recent frosts have done considerable damage in town.

E. M. Gordon & Son, lumber dealers, are getting out underpinning for a new house.

G. F. Russell's barn is rapidly being completed. PEN.

T. J. and Willie Smith are putting in the foundation for a new house which will be completed soon.

John C. Fifield, blacksmith in this town, shod 15 horses and one yoke of oxen in one day. He says that he has proof of it. Where is there another man that can beat it?

The rivermen [illegible]

The Woodstock Literary Society met at T. J. Gilman's June 11. A large number was present.

Railroad, railroad, railroad, railroad. Where is the man that says that we are not going to see the "Iron Horse" run through old Woodstock. JESTUS CONRAD.

BRIDGEWATER.

We are glad to learn that we have one man in town who is in favor of women having their rights, for we understand Mr. Nathan Chapman employed two besides his wife to work out his highway tax, they working as follows: His wife one day, Mrs. Lynn one-half day, Miss Fifield two hours, etc., receiving 15 cents per hour. We think this way in time will become a very popular method for men to pay their tax and not feel it.

Joseph Boardman and wife, of Charlestown, Mass., were in town last week visiting his uncle, Martin P. Boardman.

Farmers in this vicinity have finished planting, &c., and are looking forward. Grass gain, &c., have never looked better thereabouts than at the present time. F. A.

REFRIGERATORS. Our readers will find a large assortment of Eddy's make at Paine's furniture warerooms, No. 48 Canal or 141 Friend street.—*Boston Journal.*

[illegible]AMPTON.

Miss Ca[illegible] Pulsifer, of Lebonon, a native [illegible] this town, is visiting friends he[illegible]

Quincy [illegible]ely, Jr., youngest son of Rev. Qui[illegible]akely, who injured one of his leg[illegible] time since, and has had a seri[illegible]urgical operation performed up[illegible] same, has so far improved as [illegible] allowed to ride out some with h[illegible]ather; and hopes are entertained [illegible] the boy will have the use of th[illegible]ured limb restored to him fully.

Geo. O. B[illegible]n, who cut a foot seriously, sev[illegible] days since, is improving his lost [illegible] by visiting friends in Meredith a[illegible]sewhere. His "better half" and [illegible]aby accompany him.

Mr. & M[illegible] Daniel O. Merrill have been on a [illegible] to their many friends in Lake[illegible] and vicinity.

Daniel [illegible] has the contract and is to com[illegible] immediately to build a new house [illegible] Gideon Wallace.

Miss Lulu [illegible]itchell, who has been very sick, i[illegible]ported to be slowly recovering.

Dr. Lane[illegible]ew house will be ready for him by J[illegible] 1st.

The teleph[illegible] is in running order as far as the B[illegible] Mountain House.

Dr. A. [illegible]Marden, of Franklin Falls, is i[illegible]n for a few days to try the trout[illegible]g.

The [illegible]s very backward. To-day, J[illegible]old and very windy.

Sev[illegible]als at the Black Moun[illegible] week.

Mr[illegible]ily, of Peabody, [illegible] at Warren Da[illegible]

[illegible]nd his daughter [illegible]ne to Lowell, Mass., on a [illegible]

[illegible]nch, daughter of J. W. Morrison of town on a visit to her old home[illegible] friends here.

Rev. C. [illegible]elson sheared 39 native and two m[illegible] sheep one day last week for S. T. [illegible]e. Like Paul, the Rev. labors wit[illegible], that he may not be charge[illegible]rethren.

Augustus [illegible] sisters are visiting him. Mrs[illegible]hardson from Lowell and [illegible]ibbs and husband from Nor[illegible]

Hon. M[illegible] spent the Sabbath with his [illegible] Merrill.

An inf[illegible]eared at William Harvey's [illegible]

Rev. D. [illegible] Vermont, formerly of Virgin[illegible]reach at the West Campton c[illegible]nday, June 26. Services at 10.3[illegible] 5 p. m. Also at 7 p. m. at the [illegible]ne place the day before.

[illegible]LDERNESS.

The propri[illegible]r of the steamer Shawmut is ready t[illegible]give excursions to parties over the Lake.

It is reporte[illegible]hat the Asquam House has refused ap[illegible]cants enough to fill the House several [illegible]mes, which, if true, it would seem th[illegible] hotel business is good here.

James S. Pipe[illegible] on Tuesday found an owl measuring 4[illegible]eet across the wings, and weighing 4 l[illegible] lb., entangled in the line on his corn p[illegible]ece. His Owlship was alive and suspicio[illegible]sly points to a cowardly attempt at s[illegible]icide.

H. N. Mabie and [illegible]mily will start from Boston the 20th i[illegible], for Geo. W. Mooney's, where he [illegible] commence operations immediately o[illegible]oving Mr. Mooney's old house and ere[illegible]g a new one on the old site.

Hannah Ladd, who [illegible] in the same district will rebuild [illegible]

Enoch Co[illegible]ing to H. H. Shepard[illegible] of boards for buildin[illegible] purposes. [illegible]

City boarders neve[illegible] were [illegible] early and plenty here as this s[illegible]ason.

Report says the [illegible]squam House will celebrate the 4th this [illegible] year. N.

WEST R[illegible]MNEY.

Mr.s C. B. Simpso[illegible] is very sick.

Munroe Merrill h[illegible]as the buildings he bought of C. M. Sw[illegible]ain fixed up very nicely. Dr. J. W. [illegible] Heath is to occupy them.

Mrs. D. L. Simpso[illegible]n is putting a new roof on her house a[illegible]d raising it a half story.

Mrs. H. B. Simpso[illegible]n has been quite sick for a few days.

We understand th[illegible]t Rev. H. S. Fiske, who preached here three [illegible] successive seasons, is so much out of heal[illegible]th that he is not able to preach. W.

NATURE'S [illegible] TRIUMPH.

FRAZIER'S R[illegible]OOT BITTERS.

If you are weak, [illegible]or languid, use Frazier's Bitters.

If your flesh is f[illegible]abby and your complexion sallow, use[illegible] Frazier's Bitters.

If you live in a [illegible]malarial district, use Frazier's Bitters.

If worn down wi[illegible]h the care of children, use Frazier's Bitte[illegible]rs.

If you have got t[illegible]he blues, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you have kept [illegible] late hours and lived contrary to the law[illegible]s of health, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you need toni[illegible]g up, take Frazier's Root Bitters.

If you have abus[illegible]ed instead of used nature's gifts, use Fr[illegible]azier's Bitters.

If you feel old b[illegible]efore your time, use Frazier's Bitters.

If life has becom[illegible]e a burden and you have gloomy foreb[illegible]odings, use Frazier's Bitters.

If your hand tr[illegible]embles and your eyes have grown dim, [illegible] Frazier's Root Bitters will make you fe[illegible]l young again. Sold [illegible]verywhere at the low price of $1.00 [illegible]

Frank S. [illegible] CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Eas[illegible]tman & Brown, Wentworth. Wholesale [illegible] Agent, George .C Goodwin & Co., [illegible]oston, Mass.
apr19jsely

FURNITURE. T[illegible]he public will be pleased to learn that this [illegible] week Paine's furniture manufacturing es[illegible]tablishment is prepared to furnish, at sh[illegible]ort notice, hotels and summer houses w[illegible]ith 500 cottage chamber sets; 350 parlor s[illegible]uits; 1000 hair mattresses and pillows; [illegible] 500 spring beds; 2000 Mexican hammoc[illegible]ks; 300 patterns rattan chairs; 1000 pai[illegible]rs of lace curtains; 300 Eddy's refrigerat[illegible]ors; 2000 piazza chairs and stools; 500 l[illegible]awn settees and chairs; 150 lawn tents a[illegible]nd shades; 500 dining tables and sidebo[illegible]ards. They furnish an illustrated price-l[illegible]ist by mail. The main entrances to ware[illegible]rooms are 48 Canal and 141 Friend street[illegible], west side Boston and Maine depot.—B[illegible]oston Journal.

Geo. Main, of [illegible] No. 3 Merrimack St., Concord, has u[illegible]pwards of 10,000 cabbage plants of [illegible] the Blatchfield, Winstead and Foll[illegible]t varieties at 75 cents per 100. Toma[illegible]o plants of the choicest kinds at 75 cen[illegible]s. Roses, Geraniums, Primroses, Call[illegible] Lilies, Fuchsias, with every variety o[illegible] foliage plants for bordering always o[illegible] hand at prices lower than any other [illegible]ouse in New England. To those about [illegible]o enter the marriage state Main's ora[illegible]nge blossoms will commend themselv[illegible]es.

Joseph Harris, Moreton Farm, Rochester, N. Y., has cabbage plants by the million, cauliflower and turnip seed and winter wheat of numerous varieties for sale very cheap. Also cotswold sheep and pure bred Essex pigs. Send for particulars and prices. Mr. Harris is a well known agricultural author and writer, as well as an extensive farmer and seedsman in that fertile region.

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Very truly yours,
FRANK CH. DE RIALP,
Singing Master of Her Majesty's Opera Company.

H. R. Stevens, proprietor of Vegetine, No. 464 Broadway, Boston, sends us a copy of his book on Ensilage to which he wishes to call your attention. The subject is well explained by practical workers so that any farmer can build a silo and have perfect success with ensilage by simply following the directions in the book. It is a work which should be read by every progressive farmer, as there is no doubt that the practical workings of ensilage will create a revolution in the whole system of farming. It is elegantly bound in cloth, and is sold by all booksellers at the low price of 50 cents, or, if sent by mail 60 cents.

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A sure cure for the Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 and 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, Instruments and Electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice; gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts, and nothing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M. Coffinberry, of Cleveland, says about Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment: I have used scores of pile cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment.

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Frank S. Henry & Co., Prop's.
CLEVELAND, O.

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jes-apr19-1y.

TO GRAPE GROWERS.

THE SINGLE POLE SYSTEM.

The attention of farmers and fruit growers is called to a new work on Grape Growing, by the above title, which has attracted the attention of horticulturists all over the Union. It is pronounced one of the most practical treatises upon the subject ever written. This manual has been very carefully compiled from a series of lectures upon the subject, dictated by an experience of over Forty Years in Europe and America. This fact alone will commend it to all, and even the most successful viniculturist will find it stored with new and useful facts. Its author has made grape culture a life study, and only cites facts f[illegible] h[illegible] personal knowledge. He is not a "dry as dust" theorist, but works his own vineyard after the Single Pole System to the le[illegible] and leaf. It is extremely simple, and [illegible]s no scientific or botanical terms. It is [illegible] home [illegible]han any man can read this book a[illegible] successfully raise grapes with no attendant [illegible] spade and [illegible]se whatever. With this book, a acre of land [illegible]k-knife any person owning an [illegible] begin a remunerative business. The [illegible] State Register [illegible]tural editor of the Iowa [illegible] guides to Grape [illegible] the work is "worth all the [illegible] Agents wanted. A [illegible]ing he has ever seen." [illegible] plete manual on grap[illegible] specimen copy of this com[illegible] any address, prepaid, [illegible] will be sent to [illegible] plied at a liberal discount[illegible] cents. Trade supplied [illegible] Company. Address, A. [illegible] the Western News [illegible]OFER & SONS, McGregor, Iowa.

JUST OU[illegible]

HOOD'S GREAT B[illegible]

OF THE WAR.

ADVANCE AND RETREAT,

Personal experiences in the United States and Confederate armies, by
GENERAL J. B. HOOD,
Late Lieutenant-General Confederate States Army, published for

The Hood Orphan Memorial Fund

BY

Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD,
New Orleans, 1880.

The entire proceeds arising from the sale of this work are devoted to The Hood Orphan Memorial Fund, which is invested in United States registered bonds for the nurture, care, support and education of the ten infants deprived of their parents last summer at New Orleans, (the melncholy incidents of which sad bereavement are still fresh in the public mind.)

The book is an elegant octavo, containing 360 pages, with a fine photograph likeness and a line steel engraving, made expressly for this work, four large maps of battle fields, bound in handsome gray English cloth, at three dollars, or in a fine sheep binding, [illegible] three dollars and fifty c[illegible] library style, [illegible] best Levant Turkey Morocco, full gilt side and edges, five dollars.

On the receipt from any person remitting by mail or express, of the amount in a registered letter or by a postal order, bank draft, or check, a copy will be immediately sent free of postage, registered as second-class matter.

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FOURTH SEASON—1881.

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Meredith Eagle.

PUBLISHED BY
CALVERT & KIMBALL.

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1881.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

MEREDITH MATTERS.

Fred Blake's shop is progressing.

The village schools closed yesterday.

J. D. Bartlett's house is nearly done.

Plummer's saw mill has shut down.

Barnumn's circus is will advertised here.

Miss Cox had 60 little ones in her department.

Ned Boynton has sold his grey colt for $225.

Why can't we have a Fourth of July celebration?

Mrs. Sam Hodgson has gone on a visit to Belmont.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Bixby have been to Vermont.

Dr. Mason has sold his black colt to a Boston party.

If you want painting done call on W. B. Reynolds.

Mrs. E. T. Blake has been sick with rheumatic fever.

John M. Neal has been affected with the rheumatism.

Carrie James has gone to Portsmouth for the summer.

Meredith has quite a reputation abroad for fine horses.

C. H. Nudd, of the Diebold Safe company, has been here.

Sabbath school concert at the Centre to-morrow afternoon.

E. H. Maloon & Co. have been doing a rushing business.

A sidewalk has been built along by J. F. Wiggin's house.

Miss Jennie Barber has gone to her home in Warren, sick.

Byron Clough's new place is to accommodate mill operatives.

J. T. Sturtevant has been repairing the inside of his building.

The Free Will Baptist society gave a supper Wednesday evening.

Some of our young ladies will work at Old Orchard Beach this summer.

Miss Emma Lang has returned [illegible] on account of her health.

The Baptist church young people's meetings, on Monday evenings, are well attended.

Summer boarders are now quite plenty. Capt. Pierce has all he can accommodate.

Geo. S. Cram G. A. R. boys tried a moonlight excursion on the "Gracie," the 11th.

Twenty-five in all were received into the F. W. church, Sunday, two of whom were by letter.

The "Gracie" is now ready for excursions. She can accommodate 200 with the barge, and 75 without.

Mr. Hall from Sheep Shed, England, is to run a "hand loom" at Sam Hodgson's mill. He is a relative of W. H. Abels.

It is said one of our young men being rather drunk on Laconia liquor, tipped over his team in Lake Village, Sunday, but no great damage was done.

This paper is sent free on trial for one month, and all not wishing it after that time are requested to stop it, or otherwise they will be liable for payment as long as it is sent to their addresses.

Ed. Cox runs to Centre Harbor Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, connecting with the steamer Mount Washington for Wolfeboro' and Alton Bay, leaving here at 12.45.

George Dallison's little daughter fell into the canal, back of D. F. Bean's stable, Tuesday, as Mr. Bean was driving in, in consequence of fright, but was rescued by him and his son George.

Rev. Messrs. Palmeter and Lothrop baptised over 20 persons in Lake Waukewan Sunday. There was a large attendance. This was a result of Rev. Mr. Whittier's revival last winter.

At the recent annual meeting, the Provident Mutual Relief Association elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Dr. Haven Palmer, Geo. S. Roberts and J. S. Robinson, Trustees; Alvin Peavy, Clerk; Dr. Palmer, Medical Examiner.

Until further notice every subscriber to this paper will receive a copy of the REVISED NEW TESTAMENT, for every $1.00 he or she shall pay, whether in arrears or advance, but if the former, must pay at the rate of $1.50 per year. The book will be delivered at this office or sent by mail free of charge. Applications for this premium must be made when the money is paid.

NOTICE.—Having disposed of the MEREDITH EAGLE to Messrs. M. H. Calvert and C. H. Kimball, the subscribers hereby recommend them to the patronage of the public. With many thanks for what past favors we have received, we remain, very truly yours.

EAGLE PUBLISHING CO.

The new firm are fixing up the drug store.

Conductor Robie and wife have been visiting about here.

J. S. Wadleigh and A. A. Kidder have been to Fabyan's for recreation.

Stores which have closed at 7 o'clock, Wednesday evenings, will hereafter be kept open if their proprietors so desire.

The people of Meredith were saddened, on Monday morning, to learn of the death of Clara E. Elliott, although not unexpected, as she had been lying at the point of death for two days. She had only been sick a few days. She was a beautiful young lady loved by all. Her age was 27 years and 11 months and she was the daughter of Wm. P. Elliott, who is in business in Kansas. She leaves a father, mother and two brothers. The funeral was Thursday afternoon.

TO OUR READERS.—The Eagle Publishing Company having disposed of its interest in this paper to Mr. M. H. Calvert, already formerly known to many of you, and the undersigned, the EAGLE appears to-day under the new management, which we trust will prove satisfactory to all, as various improvements will shortly be introduced that must commend themselves to our patrons. Thanking a generous public for whatever appreciation has been previously bestowed, I remain yours most respectfully,

C. H. KIMBALL.

The second annual alumni concert will be given in Normal School Hall, Wednesday evening, June 22, by the Temple Quartette, of Boston, consisting of Messrs. Geo. J. Parker and Geo. W. Want, Tenors, H. A. Cook and A. C. Ryder, Bassos. They will also be assisted by Mrs. Marie E. Marchington, Soprano, and Mr. Roscoe Lucy, Pianist. The following programme will be given: Quintette, "Whence," Abt., Mrs. Marchington and Temple Quartette; Piano Solo, Lizst, Mr. Roscoe Lucy; March, "The Merry Drum," Krugh, Quartette; Song, "Nightingale Trill," Ganz, Mrs. Marchington; Duet, "The Sailor Sighs," Balfe, Mr. Parker and Mr. Cook; Chant, "Remember Now Thy Creator," Rhodes, Quartette; Song, selected, Mrs. Marchington; Song, "The Sailor's Grave," Sullivan, Mr. Want; Quartette, "I Knew a Maiden," H. M. Dow, Quartette; Ballad, Mrs. Marchington; Quartette, "The Alphabet," Zoellner, (introducing name of composer and date,) Temple Quartette.

A WORD PERSONAL.—After several years experience among the people of this region and the White Mountains generally, I have concluded to try and form a closer acquaintance with that portion living in this vicinity by becoming the mouth-piece, or organ, whereby the needs of the neighborhood may be ventilated, and its circumstances and conditions improved to the general welfare of our citizens. In assuming the editorship of this paper I shall endeavor to adhere to the above policy, and will not encourage or invite anything of a personal nature to enter its columns, believing that *personal* matters should not be aired through the columns of a paper intended for *general* circulation. With this introduction I sink my individuality, and say we shall be very glad to see friends and strangers at all times, so come and you'll find the latch string out.

MATTHEW H. CALVERT.

"THE CYCLOPEDIA WAR."

The Cyclopedia War and the Literary Revolution are working wonderful and happy results for the readers of books, and searchers after knowledge. The great "Library of Universal Knowledge," is announced to be completed, ready for delivery to purchasers, the early part of July. It is probably the largest and most important literary work this country and century have seen. It is based upon Chambers' Encyclopedia, the last London edition of which is reprinted entire as a portion of its contents, a large corps of American editors and writers adding thereto, a vast amount of information upon about 15,000 subjects in every department of human knowledge. Chambers' Encyclopedia, whose distinguished merit is universally known, is the laborious product of the ripest British and European scholarship, but being a work of foreign production it has been naturally deficient in its adaptation to the wants of American readers. In its new form it is most thoroughly Americanized, and becomes at once the largest and most complete encyclopedia in the field, at a mere fraction of the cost of any similar works which have preceded it, containing about 10 per cent more matter than Appleton's Encyclopedia, at less [illegible] one-fifth its cost, [illegible] Johnson's Cyclopedia at a little more than one-fourth its cost.

The superlative value and importance of this great Encyclopedia however, lies especially in the fact that it is brought within the reach of every one who aspires after knowledge and culture. It is *really* a library of universal knowledge. It brings a liberal education easily within the reach of every plow-boy. Every farmer and every mechanic owes it to himself and to his children that such a cyclopedia shall henceforward form a part of the outfit of his home. To the intelligent man in every walk of life a Cyclopedia is indispensable. It is issued in various styles, in 15 large beautiful octavo volumes, varying in price from $15 for the edition in cloth, to $25 for the edition in full library sheep binding. Liberal discounts even from these extraordinary prices are allowed to clubs, and the publishers besides, propose during the next two months to distribute $10,000 cash in special rewards to persons who forward clubs of five, ten, or more subscribers. The American Book Exchange, 764 Broadway, New York, are the publishers, who will send sample pages and full particulars free on request.

BORN.

In Centre Harbor, June 10, to Mr. and Mrs. Ira Smith, a son.

In Bridgewater, June 9, to Mr. and Mrs. David B. Clement, a daughter.

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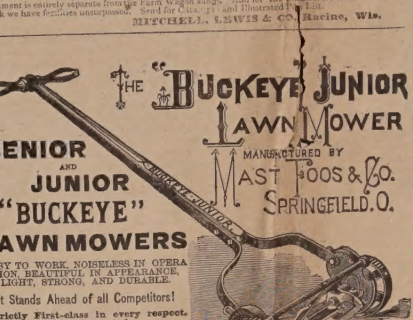
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EASY TO WORK, NOISELESS IN OPERATION, BEAUTIFUL IN APPEARANCE, LIGHT, STRONG, AND DURABLE.

It Stands Ahead of all Competitors!

Strictly First-class in every respect. Fully Warranted.

☞ Send for Descriptive Circular.

MAST, FOOS & CO.,
SPRINGFIELD, O.

AMONG THE NEW

SPECIAL BARGAINS

OFFERED BY

Smith, Lougee Bros. & Co.

ARE THE FOLLOWING

2 Bales Fine, yd. wide, Cotton, 6c. per yd.

12 doz. Embroidered Corsets, extra quality, 50c. per pair.

6 pieces Chambrey Suitings, at 10c. per yd.

In Colored Dress Goods

We are displaying an unusual large stock of all the leading shades, with Trimmings to match.

☞ Ladies from the surrounding towns will be well repaid to visit our store, not only by securing a large assortment to select from, but the prices will be found [illegible] bill of goods.

DON'T FAIL TO E[illegible]

AS OUR PRICES CAN'T FAIL TO INTEREST YOU!

20 Dozen Ladies' All-Linen Cape Collars, 12 1-2c. each. Latest Styles!

This morning we make our usual REDUCTION IN OUR

Millinery Department.

We have an exceedingly fine assortment of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Flowers, Silks, Ribbons, Ornaments, &c., &c., which we propose to close out previous to July 1st. Special value in Fancy Ribbons, at 12 1-2 and 20c. per yard. Also on our 25 and 50c. Counters of Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets which are less than half prices. ☞ Don't fail to examine.

Persons in want of any article in our CLOTHING or GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT will find many Special Bargains worthy their attention.

SMITH, LOUGEE BROS. & CO.
MAIN STREET, LACONIA, N. H.

☞ Store Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings Only.

1881

GRAND OPENING

OF

Spring & Summer Clothing

FOR

MEN, BOYS, YOUTHS & CHILDREN,

AT

M. WOLFF'S

ONE PRICE

Clothing House!

We desire to say to our patrons that we can safely state that we have on hand this season, THE LARGEST STOCK, AND CHOICEST VARIETY, at the LOWEST PRICES attainable in Concord.

☞ CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. ☜

Regarding the old adage of Honesty being the best policy, as the only safe one as a guide.

We will guarantee our customers Honest Goods, a strict adherence to the One Price system, and no misrepresentation of our wares.

N. B.—An enumeration of a few of our prices on suit lot bargains may not be amiss here.

1.—50 GENTLEMEN'S SUITS, (complete, 3 pieces), at $5.00. This is the best suit for Workingmen's or Farmers' use, and is a suit of which we have exclusive control. It is fully worth $8.00.

2.—60 MEN'S CASSIMERE COMPLETE SUITS. 100 sold by us last season, for $8.00 per suit. These suits are made out of a fine dark fabric and will give good wear.

3.—70 MEN'S ALL-WOOL SUITS, sizes 36 to 44, at the extremely low price of $9.00. These suits cannot be purchased in town for less than $12.00 per suit.

4.—34 MEN'S COMPLETE BLUE FLANNEL SUITS, $8.00.

P. S.—These are all we shall have of these goods this season at this price, and as these goods are so well known to the public, we need hardly say, if you want a blue suit buy one now.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.—Suits for $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and upwards. Odd Pants a specialty. We keep the best selected stock of Boys' School and other suits in the city.

Our Novelties in HATS, CAPS, AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS are too numerous to mention upon paper, and must be seen to be appreciated.

VISIT OUR STORE before making your purchases, and convince yourself of the truth of the above.

SIGN OF FULL DRESSED MAN,
Hill's Block, Concord, N. H.

New Bargains

OFFERED BY

O'SHEA BROS.!

THIS WEEK.

Just Received.

An invoice of All-Wool Debeiges, 42 in. wide, new Spring colors, 50 cts. per yard,
Usually sold at 75 cts. per yard.

Six Pieces of French Shooda Cloths,
All-Wool, 44 in. wide, 75 cts., worth $1. per yard.

GREAT VALUES IN
New Black Silks and Black Cashmeres.

Just Received This (Wednesday) Morning,
20 Doz. All-Linen Towels, 49x24 in., 25c. Worth 50 cts.
Our new 12 1-2 cts. Towels are the best sold.

Beautiful Line of Ladies' Garments,
Latest Styles for Spring and Summer,
Just arrived,—from the leading cloak manufacturers of Boston and New York.

CLOTHING.

In our Clothing Department,
150 Men's Blue Middlesex Flannel Suits,
Warranted Indigo.
Every Suit will bear a Guarantee Ticket, similar to the following:

Middlesex Company.

This piece of Goods is Indigo dyed in the wool, and the color may be relied upon as inflexibly permanent.
Only Garments made from Middlesex Flannels and Yacht Cloths bear this tag.
WENDELL, FAY & CO.,
AGENTS MIDDLESEX CO.

Price, $10.00
Per Suit,—or at Lower Prices than they can be obtained in the State.

LARGE STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES
Just opened. Prices lower than any house in town.

☞ New Goods Received Daily!

O'Shea Bros., Retailers & Jobbers, Laconia.

GEORGE W. DOLLOFF,
LAKE VILLAGE, N. H.,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Opposite Mt. Belknap House,)
Always keeps all the Latest Novelties the Market affords.

☞ He makes his suits to order equal to the finest city trade and at as low prices as ordinary work can be bought for elsewhere.

Particular attention given to cutting Garments for others to make.
22-1y.

ARLINGTON HOUSE
(ON EUROPEAN PLAN,)
P. A. Roberts, Proprietor,
Cor. Causeway & Canal Sts., BOSTON.
Nearly opp. Fitchburg and Eastern Depots.

SUPERIOR ROOMS AND BEDS,
50c., 75c. and $1.00.

Ladies' and Gents' Dining Rooms. Open Sundays. Baggage taken from Depot free. n28-je-1y

HAZELTON,
OF CONCORD,
Is now ready to show the ladies of Plymouth and vicinity the largest stock this side of Boston, consisting of

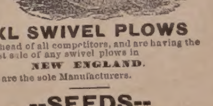
MILLINERY,

Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers,
Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Laces,
Ties, Edgings, Handkerchiefs,
Dress Trimmings, Buttons,
Fringes, Gimps, Cord and
Tassels, Mitts, Gloves,
Hosiery, Corsets,
Parasols, Knitting
Silks, &c., &c.

The Garment Department comprises all the latest styles in Silk and Worsted Dolmans, Sacques, Havelocks, Ulsters, Dusters, Linen and Gingham Suits. Also a full line of Cloths. Experienced Dress and Garment Makers in constant attendance. All orders will be filled promptly.

Remember the place to buy fine goods at low prices is at
HAZLETON'S, CONCORD, N. H.
may10je3m

$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.



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Are ahead of all competitors, and are having the largest sale of any swivel plows in
NEW ENGLAND.
We are the sole Manufacturers.

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Send for our beautiful Catalogue, sent free upon application.
PARKER & GANNETT,
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NASHUA
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PORTRAITS
MADE FROM PICTURES
OF ANY SIZE.

J. Q. A. LINDSEY,
ARTIST
NASHUA, Hillsboro' Co., N. H.

☞ Copying and Enlarging Pictures, of all kinds, a Specialty.

☞ *Satisfaction Guaranteed in every case.* jan7jes1y

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McDANIELS & BLAKE are prepared to do all kinds of
MACHINE WORK
—AND—
GENERAL JOBBING.
Steam, Gas, and Water Pipe Fitters.
Estimates furnished for
STEAM HEATING
In both public and private buildings.
Mr. Blake has had five years experience in setting and testing Boilers, and will attend to all orders of this kind. Boilers and Engines furnished at lowest prices.
☞ MOWING MACHINES and other Farm Machinery repaired. may13jestf
Box 31, BRISTOL, N. H.

POTTER & SMALL,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

Loans on Real Estate effected.
Mortgages negotiated.
Estates managed. Stocks for sale.

MAIN OFFICE:
21 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.
W. E. POTTER, Manager.
BRANCH OFFICE:
Smyth's Block, Manchester, N. H.
D. P. SMALL, Manager.

☞ No sales, no charge. "REAL ESTATE GAZETTE" free. feb26jeoly
We make a specialty in Farms. Exchanges made in all parts of New England.

MAN'S ENEMIES.

SMALL THINGS MINISTERS OF WRATH.

A Mohammedan legend relates that when Abraham had been wronged by the mighty hunter, Nimrod, Jehovah befriended the patriarch, and told him to select an animal to punish his enemy. Abraham chose the fly; but Jehovah said: "If thou hadst not chosen the fly, I should have sent a creature a thousand of which would not weigh as much as a fly's wing."

This is only a bit of Oriental rhetoric, a figurative way of emphasizing the power of the Almighty, who can make the smallest things the ministers of his wrath; but in the light of modern science it has become a literal truth. Some of man's most powerful and persistent enemies are organisms so minute that a thousand of them would not equal the bulk or weight of a fly. The lord of creation, as he proudly styles himself, is unable to cope with the most infinitesimal of his subjects. They refuse to acknowledge his sway, and wage perpetual warfare against him. His utmost skill and ingenuity are taxed in resisting and guarding against their attacks; and often, in spite of all his maneuvers, they out-general and defeat him. No hostile force of his own race could inflict such disaster upon him as do these microscopic representatives of the lowest forms of life. They plunder and devastate whole provinces, bringing ruin upon long-established and flourishing industries, and poverty upon large and prosperous communities. Neither fire nor sword is so much to be dreaded, for the injury that they may do is transient and reparable, while these diminutive foes not unfrequently take permanent possession of the territory they have conquered, and no force that its rightful owners can call into the field suffices to dislodge them.

Insects are terrible foes to man in many cases, but he is gradually getting a mastery over them. Against the army worm, the grasshopper, the potato bug, and all their voracious kindred, he is learning to fight successfully. The insects which are still most mischievous are generally the smallest. The phylloxera, or grape louse, is almost microscopically minute, but the injury it has done to the French vineyards is already reckoned at hundreds of millions of dollars. It has been a greater terror in France than the German armies, and its invasion is likely to prove more disastrous. The Germans could be bought off, though at heavy cost, but the phylloxera is not to be got rid of so easily. It has its Sedan every season, and its army of occupation holds a broader territory than Alsace and Lorraine. It will probably be conquered in the end, but it will be the dearest victory the French have ever won.

But the phylloxera, though a thousand times smaller than the fly, is a mammoth in comparison with many of the creatures that are enemies to man. Just now the mere name of one of these animalculæ is menacing an important branch of our foreign commerce. The trichina is disturbing the business relations of two continents; and not only merchants, but legislators and statesmen as well, are excited on the subject. And what is this formidable trichina? A parasitic worm, about a hundredth of an inch in length, yet more terrible to man than the anaconda or boa constrictor. Its very existence was unknown fifty years ago, and its real nature and habits were not understood till within twenty years or so. The reader does not need to be told that under certain circumstances it infests the flesh of the hog, and that the diseased pork, if eaten by man without being thoroughly cooked, may transfer the parasite to the human muscles, with dangerous and often fatal results. No wonder that our foreign friends are alarmed when they are told that American pork is liable to be of this trichinous character. The reports may be false or exaggerated, perhaps set afloat by interested parties who want to keep our pork out of their markets; but the trichina is none the less a frightful reality, and the risk of its presence in pork cannot be too vigilantly guarded against both at home and abroad, from commercial no less than hygienic considerations.—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

SPRING DANCE.

The Sioux Indians, camped up Tongue river about two miles from town, gave a big dance the early part of this week, to celebrate the appearance of spring, and appropriately called in their language grass dance. It was visited by a journalist and a few citizens from town, who were greatly interested in the various ceremonies. The dance was given in a large tepee. In one corner were a number of squaws and old men beating a large drum, made by stretching green hides over a cheese box, accompanied by singing in weird and strange tune which no language can properly describe. In the center was a fire, and on it two large camp-kettles filled with material for the feast, said by the interpreter to be dogs. The tepee was illuminated by the fire and two candles tied to poles set in the ground. Around the sides of the tepee on the inside were squatted the warriors who were about to dance, and a few old and influential chiefs and the few spectators. On the outside of the tent were throngs of squaws, bucks and pappooses, all standing on tiptoe listening and trying to catch a glimpse of what was going on inside. Soon some particular note would be uttered in the song when the dancers would suddenly jump from the ground and commence dancing. Some of them were entirely naked and painted in a grotesque and diabolical manner, the most hideous-looking beings imaginable. Others were fancifully, even tastefully dressed, decorated as they were with garments of bright color, and ornamented with bells on legs, arms and waist, and painted in all the colors of the rainbow. Most of them carried large knives and clubs in their hands, and would flourish them in a most threatening manner. After dancing around or most generally up and down in a space of about two feet for a few minutes, they would stop, and throwing their blankets over their shoulders, seat themselves and take a rest, when another lot would arise and go through the same thing. Every one of the Indians seemed to hugely enjoy the sport, and the dance was kept up until daylight, when we suppose they retired to their beds of buffalo robes and slept as late as do their white brethren who attend dances, and without the usual "heads" on them so common among us.—*Yellowstone Journal.*

Daniel Webster was exceedingly fond of elm-trees, and the one which stands just east of the Senate wing of the Capitol at Washington was brought from the Webster homestead in Franklin, New Hampshire, and planted by him.

New England News.

Maine.

D. S. Talcott, for 42 years professor of sacred literature in Bangor theological seminary, has resigned.

Gen E. C. Pike of Eastport has bought for $50,000 the island of Campobello, British territory, lying in Passamaquoddy bay, two miles from Eastport, and intends to turn it into a summer resort.

Capt. B. R. Frisbie's house at Crockett's Neck in Kittery was burned recently, and Widow Gilman perished in the flames; loss $1200, partly insured.

George Kent, brother of ex-Gov. Kent of Maine, still holds a government position at Washington, although he is 85.

W. T. Pearsons & Co's saw-mill at Great Works, about 11 miles north of Bangor, was burned recently with the store, blacksmith shop, 200,000 feet of cedar logs and 42,000 feet of lumber; total loss over $80,000, insurance $30,000. One hundred and sixty men are thrown out of employment.

Samuel Murphy and his wife, keepers of the town-farm at Dexter, are charged with shocking cruelty to paupers, beating them terribly, working them when sick, exposing them to harsh weather and starving them.

There is a jam of logs at Carratunk Falls in Somerset county a mile long and as high as a three-story house.

William Rogers of Bath launched a fine steamer of 530 tons recently, named Kanawha, owned by the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad. It will run in connection with that road between Fortress Monroe and New York.

New Hampshire.

Gov Natt Head was banqueted at Concord recently by members of his staff, and the state dignitaries were there.

Gov Bell stated in his inaugural that the state debt is $3,372,770, having been lessened $139,696 during the year, and suggested that the state tax be increased to $500,000 for two years to pay bonds maturing in 1884. The savings banks have deposits of $32,097,743, over $4,000,000 more than in 1880, making the deposits average about $90 for every man, woman and child in the state. There are 96,881 depositors.

The Amoskeag corporation at Manchester recently awarded a contract to build seven boarding-houses, each 2 1-2 stories high and 186 by 34 feet in size, having 16 tenements in each block. One million feet of lumber, 3,500,000 bricks, 2300 doors, and 1300 windows will be used.

A petition to the trustees is in circulation among the graduates of the Chandler scientific department of Dartmouth college deploring the lowering of the standard admission to that school and the agitation of the question of its legal existence.

Charles H. Clark, a prominent and respected citizen of Franklin, died recently of a stroke of paralysis.

A drunken man tried to assault Gov Bell at Manchester last week, but was pulled off before he hit him.

The Peterboro Unitarians have called Rev. Mr. Walbridge of Stowe, Vt.

Jerry McCarty, aged 76, employed at P. C. Cheney's paper-mills, at Amoskeag near Manchester, was killed by being caught in shafting which was making 150 revolutions a minute.

The referee in the suit for $123,000 of the Manchester and Keene railroad against the city of Keene has decided for the plaintiff.

The Kearsage mills site at Portsmouth recently sold at auction went into the hands of six residents of that city who will hold it and engage with any manufacturing enterprise that may locate there.

Vermont.

A young man named Donovan went from Bellows Falls to Keene, N. H. recently to get married, but becoming suddenly crazy walked to Fitzwilliam, where his friends found him.

The citizens of St. Albans met a few days ago to take action regarding the enforcement of the liquor law. A committee was appointed to get signatures of those in favor of enforcing the law, and afterward another meeting will be held. The bars are generally closed.

The state editors' and publishers' association meets at Bellows Falls on the 28th. L. O. Green of the Woodstock Standard giving the oration and Rev. Mr. Greene of Ludlow the poem.

The new tax-law gives rise to an occasional row. Ira Pierce, an elderly Brattleboro man of considerable wealth, went for Col Fuller, one of the listers, recently, asking why his list had been doubled, and they had a lively scuffle in which Mr. Pierce was sorely disfigured.

Trout are rapidly disappearing from Vermont streams, and are said to be killed by the so-called "protective law."

The state grand lodge of Odd Fellows meets at Highgate Springs on the 23d.

The slate ledge on Savage island, between Grand isle and the Georgia shore, is to be worked, lumber and machinery having been sent there. About 300 men will be employed.

Frosts in central Vermont badly injured crops and fruit recently.

The union temperance camp-meeting association of Vermont holds a three-days' meeting at Lyndonville, probably the latter part of July. Prominent speakers will attend.

Massachusetts.

The New England historic-genealogical society met at Boston recently, and [illegible] tion of the old state-house.

Nearly all the cattle brought to Glasgow, May 31, by the Phœnician from Boston were found to have the foot and mouth disease. The carcasses will be boiled down.

Abbott, the condemned murderer, has finally been put in the state-prison at Concord.

A party of gypsies who recently encamped near South mountain, Pittsfield, made such destruction among the farmers' fences that the police had to order them out of town.

Lowell officers recently seized $10,000 worth of liquors belonging to Patrick Lynch, on the charge that he engaged in their sale without a proper license.

A Salem man died the other day supposed to be almost a pauper, but he was found to have $16,000.

The great camp of Massachusetts of the Knights of the Maccabees of the world has been incorporated, receiving any one of good body and character between 18 and 65, and making a benefit fund, from which not more than $3000 can be paid to a member's family. John H. Shattuck is commander and W. L. Sawyer finance keeper.

Work on the Newburyport jetties has been stopped, the contractor, F. A. Ingersoll of New London, Ct., finding the contract too close for him, but it will probably be re-let soon.

Prof Ko's baby at Cambridge kicks against having its feet bound in the Chinese fashion, and disturbs the neighbors by its crying.

The Massachusetts soldiers' home on Chelsea street, Boston, was dedicated a few days ago. There was a large attendance, particularly of the members of the Grand Army of the Republic and addresses were made by Gen H. B. Sargent and Col Higginson.

Rhode Island.

Mrs. Allen Dixon was shot at three times by a fellow named Vennor at Branch village recently, but was not hit. No explanation of the affair is given.

The building at Providence erected for Brown university by W. F. Sayles as a memorial of his son, and to be known as Sayles memorial hall, was formally transferred to the university authorities a few days ago. Addresses were made by Prof. John J. Lincoln, President Robinson and William Gammel.

Prof. Baird has given the state 500,000 young shad.

Edward E. Essex of Newport became so jealous at seeing his girl with another fellow, that he dangerously shot himself in the breast.

Dr. Joshua B. Chapin of Providence formerly state commissioner of public schools, was found dead of heart disease in his bed recently.

Blake Bros., the New York bankers, have given $1000 to the Channing memorial church fund at Newport. Their younger brother, now dead, went to school near the site of the church, and in it they mean to place a tablet to his memory.

Many outrages have been committed near Westport and in Little Compton and Tiverton, several parties having had hay-stacks burned and cattle poisoned. A short time ago, the well of Edward Howland was poisoned, resulting in the death of a boy, and the severe illness of three other persons. Lately other persons have lost horses and other cattle by poisoning.

Connecticut.

A drunken man with $638 was throwing away greenbacks by the handful at the Hartford station recently. He was arrested, sobered off and got his money back.

J. H. Bolton of Hartford and formerly of Stafford has sold an old homestead at Stafford Hollow which, when built a few years ago, was valued at about $12,000 to Cyril Johnson for $4400. This is one of the best places in the town.

The stockholders of the Ætna fire insurance company voted at Hartford to increase its capital by cash subscriptions from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000.

The county commissioners at Tolland have revoked the liquor license of Thos. O'Neil of Rockville. It is called the first instance of the kind in the state.

The Connecticut spiritualists don't like the camp-meeting grounds at Lake Pleasant, and are trying to raise $4000 to buy a lot at Niantic.

At a recent meeting of the New Haven county farmers' club, J. J. Webb went for the genteel tramps with high boots and $150 guns who shoot robins, yellow-hammers and even chipping-birds.

As H. E. Howe and a friend were driving through a pasture near Talcott mountain on a recent Sunday, leading a horse behind the wagon, two stallions attacked them, tipping over the wagon, and Howe was badly bruised, while his friend tried to beat off the stallions with a whip. They got out of the pasture finally, but even then the stallions tried to leap the fence.

Two small boys at Hartford were caught stealing uncanceled revenue stamps from beer barrels recently, and said their teachers at the school sent them to get them. The teachers say that they thought they were all canceled, and that they sold them in France to stamp collectors. No fraud is suspected.

National Capital Notes.

The commander of the Rodgers, at the Vallejo (Cal.) navy yard, reports that he only waits her stores from the East to sail in the Jeannette search.

First Lieut. M. E. Tutherly, 1st cavalry, has been detailed as professor of military science and tactics at the University of Vermont and State Agricultural college, Burlington, Vt., to take effect July 1, relieving First Lieut. A. S. Cummings, 4th artillery, who will join his battery.

Secretary Blaine seems to have made up his mind to investigate the Halifax fisheries award, with a view to obtaining a part of the exorbitant consideration paid by the United States for the privileges conceded.

Bids for furnishing the illustrated portion of the Patent Office Gazette for the coming fiscal year were opened recently by the commissioner of patents, and the contract was again awarded to the Heliotype printing company of Boston for $6.75 per page.

John Sherman is said to have lost his temper over the discovery of frauds in the treasury department.

The controller of the currency reports that of the 467 banks which held $44,685,850 of 6 per cent bonds all have been extended into 3 1-2 per cent bonds, with the exception of two banks holding $305,500. Banks numbering 1348 held $169,403,950 of the five per cents, all of which, it is estimated, have made applications for extension, with the exception of 10 banks holding from $3,000,000, to $5,000,000.

Consul-General Fairman of Cairo, Egypt, in a report to the state department of the Suez canal, says: There is a continued and very large increase in the business of this canal. There were, in 1880, 2026 vessels, with a total tonnage of 4,349,738 tons, against 1460 vessels, with a tonnage of 2,152,455 tons in 1879.

[illegible] rigidly enforced [illegible] laws will be [illegible] spector general.

The suit begun by the French bondholders in the courts of the District of Columbia to recover their title to the old Memphis and El Paso railroad, on the ground that the proceedings by which it was foreclosed and sold to the Texas and Pacific were fraudulent, has been decided against the bondholders.

Domestic and Foreign.

The strike of firemen and coal-heavers on various coasting steamship lines at New York continues, and many strikers along the North river front are drunk and threatening.

Rioting is the order all over Ireland and many people have been killed, including several soldiers and policemen.

Field Marshal Tegethoff of Austria has been driven to suicide by an incurable malady.

Mt Vesuvius is shaking its sides, and broad streams of lava are flowing down the northeast slope.

A fire at the East end, London, has totally destroyed 30 houses, including a range of workshops and some schools.

The losses to Iowa farmers this year from poor seed will amount to $2,000,000.

A new disease has made its appearance among the cows in various parts of Burlington county, N. J., and in many instances has resulted fatally.

Great indignation has been aroused at Canton, O., at finding broken open a vault in the cemetery, which had been closed for twenty-five years, and the bones of the dead scattered around. The supposed object of the desecration was to obtain jewelry from the bodies.

Turkish troops after an engagement in sight of Salonica annihilated a band of twenty-one brigands, and brought their heads into the town.

Carlism seems to be breaking out again in Spain, but is opposed by both liberals and conservatives.

S. B. Evans, of the scientific expedition of Chicago, has discovered an immense calendar stone in an excavation among the ruins of Texcoco with the largest representation of the human figure known among Mexican antiquities.

The people are leaving Ireland for America in great companies.

A colored boy was roasted alive in St. Tammany parish, La., by a colored family, because he stole a loaf of bread.

The Florentine police have unearthed a league among the employes of Roman railways to rob passengers and baggage, and 12 conductors and guards and two receivers of stolen goods are under arrest.

The court-martial at Kieff, Russia, has sentenced three male leaders of the anti-Jewish movement to 20, 10 and 6 years of penal servitude, two to Siberian exile and two others to shorter terms of imprisonment.

J. & R. Kingsland, paper manufacturers, of Passaic county, N. J., were yesterday convicted of nuisance in polluting the water of Passaic river with carbolic acid.

A dispatch from Dublin states that the Land League appears to be practically affiliated with the Fenians and Ribbonmen, and to have been working actively in its service.

The town of Si[illegible]va in Galicia has been destroyed by a conflagration. Three thousand persons are homeless.

A fire broke out recently in the city of Quebec, and raged for 24 hours, destroying nearly 1000 houses, and doing damage to the extent of $[illegible],000,000. Briefly summed up, the streets consumed are: Running east and west—Richmond, in part, principally the south side; Latourelle, St. Olivier, Richelieu, Daquillon, St. John, Montcalm, St. Gabriel, Nouvelle and Breton. Running north and south—The principal streets were Sutherland, Deligny, St. Clair, St. Marie and St. Genevieve (west side). beside Jupiter street in Montcalm ward (also west side). Five persons were killed.

ESTHETIC FOOLISHNESS.

Same of the odd customs which appeared at an English esthetic gathering lately are worth mention. A young girl was described clad in a loose sand-colored flannel cloak and dress, with a pointed felt hat. She had cockle shells sewn on the garment and a staff in her hand, and she might well have been taken for a pilgrim in the time of the Crusades. Another costume worn on the same occasion might have been that of either a young lady or gentleman clad in collegiate gown. The figure was enveloped in a black cloth sleeveless mantle. The only touch of color was a necktie of yellow silk. A black velvet cap was posed slightly on one side. A triumph in esthetic dressing was seen in a young lady who was extremely slender. It consisted of a pale green serge gown. The bodice was cut square and fastened at the bust by heavy clasps of silver. The long skirt was gathered up by two chains of steel—the first placed a little below the waist, the lower and larger reaching across the dress below the knee. The sleeves were puffed and a chemisette of muslin embroidered with silver thread filled in the square neck. The cap of brown straw was flattened over the forehead and tied behind the left ear in a huge bow, where a pearl brooch in the shape of an arrow was thrust through.

Another dress in somber velvet had huge puffed sleeves; a string of beads the shape and color of olives, was worn at the throat; a bonnet like Britannia's helmet was worn with the dress. Another costume consisted of a long cloak of figured black velvet with gold satin facings. The short walking dress was of yellow satin; a yellow Tuscan was lined with gold gauze and trimmed with pink and tea roses. Terra cotta is a color much affected by the followers of artistic dressing. The costumes we have just described were not worn at a masquerade but at an ordinary gathering of the esthetics on the day of the private view at the Grosvenor gallery, and these costumes give an excellent idea of how hideous high art may become and how much more successful the plain French modistes are in dictating styles that are graceful and sensible than any enthusiast, whether in art or bloomerism.—*Corr. N. Y. Mail.*

BAD WATER.

Chicago comes nearer being a vast hospital now than it has been for years. No epidemic prevails, and the inhabitants are not afflicted with disorders of a very serious nature; but it is estimated that fully 20 per cent. of the entire population is troubled with derangement of the system in one form or another. The complaint is usually something akin to winter cholera, and there is a well-grounded suspicion in the minds of a great number of practicing physicians that the ailments are to a very large extent attributable to the consumption of the bilge-water that is drawn from that illimitable reservoir of filth, Lake Michigan, for the use of the public. In fact, it is [illegible] than a suspicion; it amounts to [illegible] who are downright sick [illegible] whole regiments of people who feel poorly, but will not admit that they are on the list of ailing.

"All persons," says an irate correspondent, "who want water want it pure, and so long as the river in its impure state is allowed to empty into the lake, there can be no such thing as pure water in Chicago, for the reason that more or less filth and sewage reaches the crib and is pumped back into the homes of the people."—*Chicago Times.*

A MONSTER CANNON.

The making of the patterns for the Lyman-Haskell accelerating or multi-charge gun, at the Scott foundry of the Reading iron works was begun this morning. The gun will be twenty-five feet long and have a bore six inches in diameter. Along the bore four pockets will be located, in each of which a charge of powder will be placed, with the view of accelerating the speed of the ball after it leaves the chamber of the gun and during its progress through the bore. Experts who have seen the drawings and have given the subject of the manufacture of heavy ordnance a study, have expressed the opinion that the gun will throw a ball a distance of ten to twelve miles, whereas five miles is a good range for the best cannon. The charge of powder will be 130 pounds, and the weight of shot 50 pounds. It is calculated that a shot from the gun will penetrate through two feet of solid wrought iron.—*Reading Eagle.*

THE MARKETS.

BOSTON.

Flour—Western Superfine	$4.00	@	4.25
Common Extra	4.50	@	4.75
St. Louis	6.50	@	7.00
Corn	.62	@	.64
Oats	.48	@	.53
Butter—Fair to good	.15	@	.17
Selections	.21	@	.22
Cheese—Choice Factory	.09	@	.10
Fair to good	.08	@	.08 1-2
Skim and Common	.03	@	.05
Eggs—Eastern and near-by	.14 1-2	@	.16
Western	.13 1-2	@	.15 1-2
Potatoes	.65	@	.90
Hay	17.00	@	23.00
Rye Straw, per ton	25.00	@	26.00
Pork—Mess	17.50	@	22.50
Beef—Mess	10.50	@	11.50

NEW YORK.

Flour—Superfine Western	4.00	@	4.50
Common to good extra	4.45	@	5.00
Good to choice	5.25	@	6.25
Corn—Ungraded	.50	@	.57
Oats	.47	@	.53
Tallow	.06 1-2	@	—
Pork—Mess	15.25	@	24.00
Butter—State	.10	@	.21
Western	.09	@	.21
Cheese—State	.07	@	.09 1-4

WATERTOWN UNION LIVE STOCK MARKET.

MARKET BEEF—Choice, $8.00 @ $8.75; extra, $7.00 @ $7.75; first quality, $6.00 @ $6.50; second do., $5.00 @ $5.50; third do., $4.00 @ $4.50.

STORE CATTLE—Farrow cows, $15 @ $30; fancy cows, $50 @ $65; working oxen, per pair, $100 @ $165; milch cows and calves, $20 @ $45; yearlings, $7 @ $12; two-years, $13 @ $24; three-years, $20 @ $45.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—In lots, $2.50 @ $4.00 each; extra, $5.00 @ $6.00; lambs, 7 @ 12 1-2c. per lb.; veal calves, 3 @ 8 1-2c. per lb.

Classification of Cattle and Sheep.—Choice bullocks includes nothing but stall-fed, 1100 to 1400 lb. bullocks. Extra and first quality includes the best, large, fat oxen. Second and third quality includes oxen, two and three years old steers. Extra sheep includes cossets when those of inferior quality are thrown out.

THE DOCTOR.

It is related, as a legend of the medical fraternity, that the Emperor Augustus was once so highly pleased at a cure effected in himself by his doctor, Antonius Musa, that he raised the gentleman to the rank of knight, and relieved the whole profession from the burdens of taxation.

Probably at no time before or since that event has the lot of the physician been such a happy one. In the earlier days of Rome the practice of medicine was despised and confined to the humbler ranks of society and to slaves. Not until the influence of Grecian civilization made itself felt in the Roman capital did physicians gain honor or standing.

In the middle ages the calling suffered a relapse, to speak medically. Surgery was in ill-repute, and Sprengel tells us that in Germany no artisan would employ a young man as an apprentice without a certificate that he was born in marriage of honest parents, and came of a family in which were found neither barbers, bathers nor "skinners," as surgeons were called.

Even at the present day, although the meritorious claims of the medical and surgical practitioner have been recognized and an honorable social status awarded him, his mind is not at rest. The advancement and refinement of ideas have begotten deeper anxieties and a feeling of responsibility. So jealously does the law guard the lives and persons of the people, that every time the physician writes a prescription, or the surgeon makes an incision, he takes his purse, his liberty, or perhaps his life in his hand. The risk is not at all on the part of the patient, despite a popular impression that the only pocket-book likely to be depleted or the only life liable to be sacrificed, is that of the sick man.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

Unhealthy Surroundings.

To breathe pure, healthful air, and to follow occupations conducive to health and long life are the privileges of the minority. The majority must dwell wherever their lot is cast, however insalubrious the locality may be, and work at the craft assigned to them, however destructive to health and vigor. Medical science has, however, come to the aid of the [illegible] have (and have had for the last twenty-five years) the best defense against the morbid influences which create and foster disease, that the vegetable kingdom can supply. Its ingredients are among the finest botanic specifics which research has yet revealed to man. As a preventive of and remedy for the diseases generated by swamps, miasma, the foul air of factories, excessive heat, over-exertion of body or mind, unwholesome water, or any other morbific cause, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters bear away the palm from all medicines of the present day.

The only crop that grows by gaslight.—Wild oats.

FURNITURE. This week we are pleased to inform our readers that Paine's Furniture Manufacturing Establishment is prepared to furnish at short notice: Hotels and Summer House with 500 Cottage Chamber Sets; 350 Parlors Suits; 1000 Hair Mattresses and Pillows; 500 Spring Beds; 2000 Mexican Hammocks; 300 patterns Rattan Chairs; 1000 pairs of Lace Curtains; 300 Eddy's Refrigerators; 2000 Piazza Chairs and Stools; 500 Lawn Settees and Chairs; 150 Lawn Tents and Shades, 500 Dining Tables and Sideboards. They furnish an illustrated price-list by mail. The main entrances to warerooms are 48 Canal and 141 Friend St., west side Boston & Maine depot.

Lord Bute is building a magnificent mansion in Scotland, with outer walls five feet thick.

Vegetine,

The Best Spring Medicine.

CHARLESTOWN.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood preparation" in my family for several years, and think that for Scrofula or Cankerous Humors or Rheumatic affections it cannot be exceled; and as a blood purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I have ever used, and can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours respectfully,
Mrs. A. A. DINSMORE, 19 Russell street.

Vegetine
For Dropsy.

CENTRAL FALLS, R. I., October 19, 1877.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:

It is a pleasure to give my testimony for your valuable medicine. I was sick for a long time with Dropsy, under the doctor's care. He said it was water between the heart and liver. I received no benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine; in fact, I was growing worse. I have tried many remedies; they did not help me. Vegetine is the medicine for Dropsy. I began to feel better after taking a few bottles. I have taken thirty bottles in all. I am perfectly well; never felt better. No one can feel more thankful than I do.

I am, dear sir, gratefully yours,
A. D. WHEELER.

Vegetine
All Have Obtained Relief.

SOUTH BERWICK, Me. Jan. 17, 1871.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:

Dear Sir.—I have had dyspepsia in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicines without obtaining any relief. In September last I commenced taking the Vegetine, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained fifteen pounds of flesh. There are several others in this place taking Vegetine and all have obtained relief.

Yours truly,
THOMAS E. MOORE,
Overseer of card room, Portsmouth Co's mills.

Vegetine,
PREPARED BY
H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.
Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

CHEAPEST BOOKS IN THE WORLD Macaulay's History of England, 5 Vols. 12mo vols. cloth; only $2.00 Taine's History of Eng. Literature, 1 12mo vol. handsomely bound, for only 50 cts. Full descriptive catalogue Free. MANHATTAN BOOK CO. 16 W. 14th St., N.Y. P.O. Box 4580.

ALLEN'S Brain Food—Cures Nervous Debility & Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for Circ'r to Allen's Pharmacy, 313 First Ave., N.Y.

26 Send 3c. stamp to ARTICLES E. C. RIDEOUT & Co., Astoria, N. Y. FREE

[Chicago Western Catholic.]

The latest man who has been made happy through the use of this valuable liniment is Mr. James A. Conlan, librarian of the Union Catholic Library of this city. The following is Mr. Conlan's indorsement:—

UNION CATHOLIC LIBRARY ASSOCIATION,
204 Dearborn Street,
Chicago, Sept. 16, 1880.

I wish to add my testimony as to the merits of St. Jacob's Oil as a cure for rheumatism. One bottle has cured me of this troublesome disease, which gave me a great deal of bother for a long time; but, thanks to the remedy, I am cured. This statement is unsolicited by any one in its interest.

JAMES A. CONLAN, Librarian.

The board of trade.—A workman's bench.

"LIES! BIG LIES!"

Not so fast, my friend; for if you would see the strong, healthy, blooming men, women and children that have been raised from beds of sickness, suffering and almost death, by the use of Hop Bitters, you would say, "Truth, glorious truth." See "Truths," in another column.

A new industry, the extensive cultivation of flowers for perfumery purposes, is about to be started in California. In Europe it is very remunerative; a good crop of lavender will yield $1500.

Persons in want of furniture (and who is not) should go to the immense warerooms of the F. M. Holmes Furniture Co., 167 Washington street, Boston. Being *strictly manufacturers*, their prices defy competition.

Artificial ice is sold in Jamaica, W. I., at one cent per pound.

PIMPLES AND HUMORS ON THE FACE.—In this condition of the skin, VEGETINE is the great remedy, as it acts directly upon the cause. It cleanses and purifies the blood, thereby causing humors of all kinds to disappear.

Imagine for a moment the thousands upon thousands of bottles of CARBOLINE annually sold, and the fact that not a single complaint has been received from all these thousands, and you may have some idea of its good qualities.

INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, nervous prostration and all forms of general debility relieved by taking MENSMAN'S PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; is invaluable in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York.

LADIES, ATTENTION.

We want intelligent energetic lady agents to sell WOMEN ONLY, an article of real hygienic merit. For particulars and liberal terms, address WAGNER & CO., Chicago, Ill.

BEST TRUSS EVER USED.—Descriptive circulars free. N. Y. ELASTIC TRUSS CO., 683 Broadway, N. Y.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

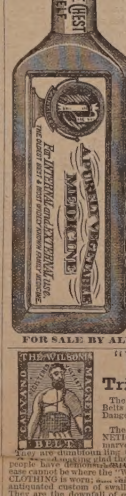
William J. Coughlin of Somerville, Mass., says: "In the fall of 1876 I was taken with bleeding of the lungs followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lungs as big as half a dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past. I write this, hoping every one afflicted with diseased lungs will take DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness."

WARRANTED FOR 34 YEARS
And Never Failed.

To CURE Croup, Spasms, Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Sea Sickness, taken internally, and GUARANTEED perfectly harmless; also externally, Cuts, Bruises, Chronic Rheumatism, Old Sores, Pains in the limbs, back and chest. Such a remedy is DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT. No one once trying it will ever be without it; over 600 physicians use it.

N E 25

PERRY DAVIS'
Pain-Killer



MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF
PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
THE OLDEST BEST & MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE

A SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Cramps,
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Sprains AND Bruises,
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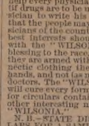

"WILSONIA"
Triumphant!!

The Downfall of Metallic Belts and Batteries and the Dangers resulting therefrom.

The "WILSONIA" MAGNETIC GARMENTS are the marvel of the world. They are dumbfounding the scientists and physicians [illegible] gladdening the hearts of the people. People have demonstrated in THIRTY THOUSAND case[s] [illegible] cannot be where the "WILSONIA" MAGNETIC CLOTHING is worn; [illegible] this without the barbarous, antiquated custom of swallowing poisonous drugs. They are the downfall of quack nostrums, and will help every physician to become an honest man; and (if drugs are to be used at all) will compel every physician to write his prescription in plain English, so that the people may know what they are using. Physicians of the country who would consult their own best interests should make themselves acquainted with the "WILSONIA." Then will they become a blessing to the race, indeed, inasmuch as that while they are armed with so potent a remedy as the magnetic clothing the people would feel safe in their hands, and not (as now) be constantly changing their doctors. The "WILSONIA" MAGNETIC GARMENTS will cure every form of disease known to man. Send for circulars containing price list, testimonials and other interesting memoranda of the all-conquering "WILSONIA."

N. B.—STATE DISEASE AND SEND FOUR DOLLARS FOR A SAMPLE OF THIS WONDERFUL INVENTION. MONEY ORDER TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO WM. WILSON, 465 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

IMPORTANT
To the Afflicted!

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For the past twenty-eight years extensively known as a successful physician in the cure of all forms of Chronic Diseases, he having made this class a specialty. During that time he has diagnosed and treated over 30,000 Cases, many of them considered incurable by other prominent physicians.

DR. LIBBEY will be at the AMERICAN HOUSE, in this city, EACH MONTH, for TEN DAYS, commencing on the 20th and ending the 30th. He describes your diseases without asking questions. Thousands of females have been restored to health by his treatment, some having been bed-ridden for TWENTY YEARS. For all such cases he gives direct and natural treatment. He charges no fancy prices. Consultation always FREE. He uses nature's own remedies, scientifically compounded from harmless roots, herbs, barks and gums. He prefers the worst cases, those given up by other physicians. Hours for consultation from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. For references, testimonials, list of Diseases cured, list of Remedies, and prices charged, send for pamphlet to DR. H. W. LIBBEY, American House, Boston, Mass., or 1294 Willson Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. He is not a traveling physician, but is permanently located at Boston, Mass., and Cleveland, Ohio.

[Kansas City Mail.]

Member of this department relieved of Rheumatism by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, says Geo. W. Walling, Esq., Supt. of Police, New York, in one of our exchanges.

Paying visits.—The doctor's.

That White Tongue

Demands immediate attention. Nothing so quickly regulates the system and keeps it pure as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

Silence does not always mark wisdom.

NOT A BEVERAGE.

"They are not a beverage, but a medicine, with curative properties of the highest degree, containing no poisonous drugs. They do not tear down an already debilitated system, but build it up. One bottle contains more hops, that is, more real hop strength, than a barrel of ordinary beer. Every druggist in Rochester sells them, and the physicians prescribe them."—Rochester Evening Express on Hop Bitters.

ST JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR
RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

ELY'S CREAM BALM POSITIVELY CURES CATARRH, COLDS IN THE HEAD, HAY-FEVER, CATARRHAL DEAFNESS, HEALS SORES IN THE NASAL PASSAGES, SUBDUES CATARRHAL HEADACHE. PRICE 50 CENTS. OWEGO, N.Y.

For Catarrh,

Hay Fever, Cold in the Head, etc., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breaths through the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing and healing the diseased membrane.

For Deafness,

Occasionally apply a particle into and back of the ear, rubbing in thoroughly.

There is a Balm in Gilead.

The success which has marked the introduction here of Cream Balm, a Catarrh remedy, prepared by Ely Bros., Owego, N. Y., is indeed marvelous. Many persons in Pittston are using it with most satisfactory results. A lady down-town [illegible] the Balm. She had given up her case as incurable. Mr. Barber, the druggist, has used it in his family, and commends it very highly. In another column, a young Tunkhannock lawyer, known to many of our readers, testifies that he was cured of partial deafness by the Balm. It is certainly a very efficacious remedy.—From the Pittston (Pa.) *Gazette*, August 15, 1879.

Price 50 cents. On receipt of 50 cents will mail a package free. Send for circular, with full information. ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y.

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10 PER CENT.

INTEREST, SURE, EVERY YEAR.

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NO FEE UNTIL CURED

ALL who are troubled with Deafness, Catarrh, Asthma, Consumption, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Nervousness, Loss of Sleep, Neuralgia, Headache, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Dyspepsia and Affections of the Lungs and Air Passages, of no matter how long standing, should try DR. JUDGE'S Oxy-Hydrogenated Air. All diseases treated.

Send for pamphlet with home references, and questions to answer. No charge for consultation by mail or in person. Patients treated equally well at a distance. DR. J. D. JUDGE & CO., 79 Beach st., Boston, Mass.

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A Remarkable Book! Will annihilate Materialism! The chancellor of the N.Y. University and other college presidents and professors, have expressed this opinion. Every denomination will hail its appearance. Every minister will want it. Sold by subscription. Agents wanted—An opportunity for unemployed ministers and students to do good and make money never before offered. Any desiring a copy before agents are located, by inclosing price, $2, may obtain by mail. Address J. T. BRYCE, 116 N. 11th street, Philadelphia.

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AGENTS to solicit orders for our celebrated Portraits, made from every description of small pictures. Our inducements are worth Two Hundred Dollars per month. Write to the Portrait house of BRUCE & CO., Auburn, N. Y.

EMPLOYMENT—LOCAL OR Traveling State which preferred. Also SALARY per month. All EXPENSES advanced. WAGES promptly paid. SLOAN & Co. 306 George St. Cincinnati, O.

Rollins's Corded Corsets!
We want lady canvassers to take the sale of these corsets. They are highly recommended by leading physicians through out the country. Circulars and terms will be sent on application. B. F. & W. S. ROLLINS & CO., 79 Bedford street, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—For every principal town, an agent on Lossing's History of the United State—1 large vol. $5, with 400 engravings. Sold on instalments of $1 a month. JAS. SHEEHY, 47 Hanover st., Boston.

WANTED—Agts. on Floral Horseshoe, 5 1-2 x 7 1-2. One agent starts with 25c., clears $50 in 10 days. Sample and terms 10c. CHAS. RESTEIN, 65 Hanover st., Boston.

MEN Wanted To sell Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grapes, Shrubs, Roses, etc. No experience required. Salary and expenses paid. LeClare & Muchemore, Boston, Mass.

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EMPLOYMENT By the month or year, to ten gentlemen and five ladies in New England. Address D. C. Burson & Co., 1013 Chestnut st., Phila.

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